The Millheim Journal.

VOL. LIII. MILLHEIM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1879. NO. 32.

THE MIRROR OF LIFE.

Let us look in the glass for a moment,
Let us brush off the mist from the face—
The mirror of life that is broken
When Death in our ear knells the token
To crumble in space.

We must fall whether praying or pining,
Whether fearing or mocking the blow,
Brush the mist from the mirror, then trembling;
The grave is no place for dissembling—
There vaunting lies low.

The eyes, as they gaze to earth's glory,
Peer into that mirror of pain
Where the slain of our years lies all gory,
Bent over by grim shadows hoary
Recording each stain.

Not a blot nor a blemish escapes them,
The sins of the lone and the crowd,
The crime where we pandered or paltered,
The dark things that lips never faltered
There cry out aloud.

They are there, and no tempests can hide them;
They glow with accusing and shame.
Tho' the years be all dead, they are living,
'Mid the silence they cry for forgiving
With direful acclaim.

On the wreck-plank of life is there pardon
When joy is worn hollow in sin?
When the heart sees no light in the sparkle,
Nor gloom where the drowsy waves darkle
O'er foeman and kin?

Then brush the world's mist from the mirror
While life in our bosom is sweet.
And turn, with a love of the purest,
O'er pathways the fairest and surest,
The trace of our feet.

Aunt Maggie's Story.

Yes; what your grandfather came to tell me, lassie, was that Paul Cardell was dead. He was just 85. He'd lost sight and hearing both, they say, and was glad to go. It's not so bad with me; but I wouldn't mind going too. It stirred my memory to hear of Paul's death. I've loved a many in my life, but never any one as I did him. Ah! I'm not ashamed of it, lassie, if I am an old maid. He was just lovely.

We met often, and for a while I thought he liked me pretty well. But soon I began to think I was mistaken. It makes a girl tremble to think that she may show a man who does not love her that she likes him over well. All that she can do is to wait. Ah! lassie, many a time the waiting is a weary thing, and the right one doesn't come, and the wrong one does, and even the wrong one seems better than none at all. I don't blame women for things that seem wrong often; they haven't much chance to do right. It seems to me that Paul was my right one; but he didn't court me, and I could not court him. And James Reeder, being a man, could do as he chose, and did. He loved me, and I loved Paul Cardell. God help us all. I think if we women had no hearts the world would be a merrier place, lassie.

I put James Reeder off a while, and just kept my eye on Paul. I did not love him, and I did love Paul. Why couldn't I love the man that loved me?

Then said I to myself, "Be a sensible woman. It's better to marry a man who is fond of you, if he doesn't seem perfection, than to waste your youth and your strength and your hope pining for one you are nothing to." It's prettier in a poem to do the last, but I wasn't so very young or so very beautiful that the whole world wanted me. I guessed what life would be when I was a lonely old maid, handed about like a bad penny from Cousin Jack's to Uncle Ben's, and from Sister Hannah's to Sister Jane's. Not much wanted anywhere. Better try to make a man who loved me happy, and so learn to love him. They say "love comes with the children"—some who have tried it.

I thought it all over before I went to bed one night, and I made up my mind that James Reeder should have a "yes" when he asked for it. Then I cried—oh! how I cried, lassie. "Oh, must I give you up, Paul?" said I; "and oh, must I give you up?" and I knew I'd never had him to give up or to keep.

The girls envied me my handsome, dashing beau. But often, walking with him, or riding with him, I'd pass Paul Cardell in his shabby coat, and say to myself, "Oh, to be a man—just to be a man, and go a courting whom I chsose, instead of taking what comes, as though matrimony were like the 'grab bag' at a church fair." I didn't want money, nor such beauty as James Reeder had so much of. I wanted—well, lassie, I wanted Paul, and no one else; though why he was perfection to me, heaven only knows, I do not, and never will.

What seemed a great deal to me isn't much to tell. There were picnic parties where I met Paul, but where he let James carry me off when he pleased, and never tried to step between us.

At last Kitty Walsingham married, and they gave her a great wedding party. They were rich, and did it in fine style. They had a fine house and fine furniture, and silver and china, such as no one else had thereabout. And it was an all-day party. The wedding first, then breakfast and dinner, and a dance and supper, of course. I was a bridesmaid, and Paul stood up with me. After that, you know, it was his place to be my beau all day. I thought of that and more. A word from him and I'd give James Reeder the mitten. A word—a look even.

When I walked into church on his arm I kept thinking how it would seem to be the bride. I looked prettier than she—I know I did. I was dark, and white became me. I had roses in my hair and pearls in my ears. I did look pretty, lassie. You're not so pretty, vain as you are. It's all gone at eighty—all gone—all gone! What do we live to be eighty for? Lord forgive me—and Paul.

Do you love any man, lassie? Just think, then, how that man looks to you. You can't see his faults, or they grow to be beauties. Don't they say Love is blind? I think he has sharper eyes than any one else, and finds out charms no other can. Oh, my beautiful Paul. And brother Dick told me last night how very plain he was; and there I sat with my blood boiling—yes, boiling, lassie. My beautiful Paul plain! my exquisite, graceful, sweet-faced Paul plain! And I rocked and fidgeted. And says Dick, "You are nervous to-night, Maggie. I hope you ain't a getting the rheumatism?" And was I not old fool enough to tell him I was angry, and why? You didn't look away to laugh, lassie? Nay, was it to cry? No need of that either. Cry for the young that have it all to live through. I am eighty.

Sometimes he looked at me that morning as if he liked me. He told me how my dress became me. Any man may do that, but it made me happy. I had not been so happy for months.

After we came home from church there was the breakfast—and he beside me all the while—and then we all went into the garden. We sat under a great tree apart from the rest, and all of a sudden he looked me straight in the eyes. "Miss Maggie," he said, "do you think ——?" But before I knew what he wanted to know if I thought, some one came all in a hurry up the path and stopped beside me. It was James Reeder.

"Here you are," said he, "Paul Cardell, Mrs. Walsingham wants you to drive Grandma Thompson over home. She isn't over well, and wants to go. I'll take care of Miss Maggie meanwhile."

Paul got up. He gave me a look I couldn't understand, and after he had gone a dozen steps he came back and offered me his hand. "Good-bye, Miss Maggie," he said, and I heard his breath come short and fast; "Good-bye," and away he went. And I and James Reeder were left alone.

It happened exactly as I knew it would. He asked me to be his wife before we had been together half an hour, and I said "Yes."

Oh; now don't, lassie. It's all against the women in this world. It always will be. Let the strong-minded bodies do what they may. You can't alter the hearts we are born with. We are bought and sold a good deal as Turkish girls are, after all. There is a kind of cold, pretty doll that is happy enough, but women who have hearts suffer—suffer at eighteen and eighty. Don't I know. I've been both.

And now I said to myself: "I will be content. I've made my own choice." I knew I hadn't all the while. "I am to marry the richest man I know, and one they all call handsome. Madly in love with me too. What more do I want?"

It wouldn't do. I hid the fox in my bosom, but it gnawed me all the while.

"The sooner it is over the better," I said; and as if that was the way to have it over, I let James coax me to set the day very soon—six weeks from that of our engagement.

There was a busy time at our house, you may guess. All my things to make in a hurry. I couldn't sit down to sew. I was like one wild. In a sort of fever all the time. They teased me. "In love," they said. So I was, lassie, but not with James Reeder. So one day mother said to me: "You are the only idle one, Maggie, run over to Mrs Walsingham's and borrow the pattern of Kitty's traveling basque. It will just fit you, and I want yours to be like it."

I went, of course, and got the pattern of Mrs. Walsingham. She was a merry soul, and she would tease me. No one knew why I blushed so. It wasn't for the reason they thought. We stood talking, and she a teasing, until all of a sudden she said: "And James isn't jealous any more, I hope?"

"Jealous!" said I.

"Oh, he was wild the day our Kitty was married," said she, "wild with jealousy of Paul Cardell. He told me all about it, 'They are paired off together,' said he, 'and with a girl it is the first who asks her. Paul is as much in love as I, and you have lost her to me.' So Granny and I set our wits to work to help him. And we sent for Paul, as you know, and gave Jem his chance. Now say 'thank you,' Maggie, as he did."

But I couldn't. I took the pattern, and ran away. I ran until I came to the bridge, and then I stopped, looking down into the water. "No, no," I kept saying to myself, "no, no; he never cared anything about me. I gave him chance enough to speak, and he did not." And while I said it I heard a step upon the bridge. I looked around—it was Paul Cardell. I couldn't move. I stood still and he came up to me. I had not seen him before since Kitty's wedding party, when he came to say "good-bye."

He held out his hand. "How do you do, Miss Maggie?" said he.

I didn't speak—I only bowed.

"You are to be married very soon, I hear," he said.

"They say so," I answered.

"I hope you may be very happy," he said. "James Reeder is a splendid fellow, and as rich as he is handsome." And he caught his breath in a little sigh. "God bless you, Maggie."

He had never called me Maggie before. He had never looked as he did then.

I tried to thank him, but I didn't know what I said. Suddenly he took both my hands.

"I'd like you to know it. I was very fond of you, Maggie. I—I loved you, my dear. If James hadn't called me when he did that day, I should have told you so, and had my 'No,' from you. I always felt afraid you liked James best. No wonder. It's better for you—altogether better. Only, quite as a past thing, I'm glad you know how I loved you. Better than my life, Maggie. I'm not going to pine to death, or make an idiot of myself. I shall marry. Lucy Swallow has promised to be my wife. She would not care for such love as I have not now to give; and she's very good, and pretty, and she shall be happy. God bless you, and good-bye."

He took my hand and put it to his lips and went.

Only for what he had said to Lucy Swallow, I'd have called him back. But if they were to be married, better let matters stand as they were. I held myself up by the bridge rail until he was out of sight; then I dropped, like one dead.

I did not marry on the day set for me, for I was ill of a fever then and not expected to live; and afterward I knew my heart too well. I could not forgive James for cutting short the words that would have made Paul and me happy for life, and I told him plainly that I never could love him.

But Paul and Lucy Swallow married, and she lived thirty years with him—thirty long years! What a happy woman to live thirty years with Paul Cardell!

I never married—never, as you know. And James Reeder never did, either. When he was sixty he told brother Dick there never had been but one woman in the world for him, and that was Maggie. Poor Jem! He cried when I told him he must go. And he was very handsome, so they said—a very fine man, but I can't remember much about his looks.

And, you see, I never forgot Paul. I could draw his picture now. I know the touch of his hand, and the perfume of his breath, and the tone of his voice by heart. He was very happy with Lucy Swallow, they say. I haven't been. But it was better than marrying any one else, after all. A wasted life and a wasted heart, but nothing worse. Good night, lassie.

Tame Ostriches.

These strange birds stalked at the head of the procession of domestic animals and appeared to be on most excellent terms with all of them. Occasionally one would deviate to the right or left of the track to peck a mouthful of grass, but as soon as the drover would leave the road and shout at it, it would immediately fall into its proper place and march forward with the utmost demure gravity, as if to be guilty of an infringement of rules was the last thing it would think of. Ostriches always have an intensely stupid look, but they are not nearly such fools as the uninitiated would take them for; and although the most timid creatures on the earth when in a state of nature, in captivity or when domesticated, they are bold and dangerous, more especially the males. Horse or rider indiscriminately they will attack, walking up to the object of their indignation with a quiet, measured stride, never evincing for a moment the slightest evidence of hostility—in fact, looking such fools that no one would imagine them capable of inimical ideas—when, with a quick movement, done with great strength and velocity, they raise their foot and strike forward, the edges of the toes being so sharp that they will cut your clothes the whole length of the stroke. As they are too valuable to be knocked on the head, perhaps you turn to run from them, but their speed is such that an attempt thus to elude them is useless. The only plan then to be pursued is to throw your self down and lie still on your face or back. They cannot kick you in these positions, but they will jump on you and trample all over you. While this operation is going on you may give vent to your feelings and satisfy your self-esteem by bestowing upon them a few reminders that two can play the same game.

Flowers as Food.

The number of flowers that are used as food is small; among these we may mention the artichoke, the undeveloped flower heads of which furnish a much prized dish. A thistle similar to the artichoke, occurs abundantly in Palestine, and its undeveloped flower heads are brought to the markets of Jerusalem under the name of cardi, and are much sought after as a vegetable. In many parts of India the flowers of a sapotaceous tree form a really important article of food. The blossoms are very numerous and succulent, and are eaten raw. They are also sun dried and sold in the bazars. A single tree affords from 200 ts 400 pounds of the flowers. The flowers of another species are employed in a similar manner by the natives of Mysore and Malabar; they are either dried and roasted and then eaten, or bruised and boiled to a jelly and made into small balls to be traded for other food. The unopened flower buds of the caper bush, a creeping plant of Southern Europe, when pickled in vinegar constitute the condiment known as capers. It was known to the ancient Greeks, and the renowned Phryne, at the first period of her residence in Athens, was a dealer in capers. Long pepper, which in chemical compositions and qualities resembles black pepper, and is used for the same purposes, consists of the immature spikes of flowers gathered and dried in the sun.

A Miraculous Escape at Niagara Falls.

A gentleman and his wife arrived at Niagara Falls, on the 16th of July. They were on their way from New London, Conn., to their home in Minnesota, and deviated a little from their direct route in order to visit the great falls. Arriving so late they concluded that they would not go to a hotel, and waited in the Erie depot until after 4 o'clock, when they started down town to see the sights. They strayed first down to the bank of the river just below Witmer's mill. Here the gentleman attempted to bathe his face, when he suddenly became dizzy and fell helplessly into the boiling rapids. The screams of his wife attracted the attention of William Dinan, who was watering his horses near by. Dinan tied his horses to a tree and rushed after the woman, who was running toward the Cataract House. Dinan says that he could just distinguish the form of the man in the rapids, and he told the terrified woman that it was of no use to attempt the rescue, that he would certainly go over the falls. The woman ran through the gate leading to the little park between the Cataract House and the old River Hotel, and hurried down the bank to the raceway below. Dinan followed a moment later, and his astonishment can hardly be imagined when he saw the dripping stranger sitting on the steps in the embrace of his weeping wife. After falling into the water the gentleman said that he hardly realized where he was for a moment. He could not swim, but he struggled as best he could to reach the shore. As good luck would have it the drowning man was hurled against the bulkhead of the pier enclosing the raceway back of the Cataract House, and was carried into the quiet water, where he managed to secure a hold on the masonry, and climbed out upon *terra firma*. The man's escape from death was little less than miraculous. He hardly realized at first the magnitude of the danger he had escaped. He had not seen the falls, and he asked Mr. Dinan whether he would have been killed to a certainty if he had been carried over the cataract.

—The failures of farmers are becoming alarmingly frequent in England. In 1870 they numbered 229; in 1875, 254; in 1876, 480; in 1877, 577; in 1878, 815; and in the first half of 1879, no fewer than 614.

Hanging a Hammock.

Swinging in a hammock is the very luxury of repose. It is restful, just to think of it; and to pass by a clump of shade trees, or a vine curtained veranda, and watch the lazy swing of one of these aerial couches without envy is an example of virtue that is not often vouchsafed to one with generous capacity for resting. The general idea is that hammocks are only for the wealthy, the "stylish," or professional time-killers. It is a great mistake. Every well-to-do-farmer—every owner of a cozy village home—every member of a stay-at-home club who commands a spot big enough to swing one—shonld have a hammock. A very good one may be bought for $1.50 to $4, or as much higher as you choose to go. It should be hung where there is a good afternoon shade, and, if intended in part for children's use, so low that small children can get into it by the aid of a box or low stool, and over soft ground, so that the numerous tumbles that are probable will be harmless. If no other place is available, it may be hung between the pillars of a shady veranda, a place well enough for the older people who use it, but undesirable for children, on account of the lack of a soft turf, as well as for the noise which accompanies its use by the youngsters. When children only are to use the hammock the manner of hanging is not important, but if provided for the use of grown persons it should then be so suspended that the head will always be considerably higher than the feet, and much of the comfort of one who uses it depends upon a proper observance of the fact. If you have no more suitable place, suspend it from the columns of a veranda. The hook which supports the head end should be six and a quarter feet from the floor, and that for the foot end three and three quarters feet, and these proportions should be observed wherever it may be hung, to secure the most desirable curve for the ease of the occupant. Another point to be observed; the head end should be fastened to the hook by a rope less than a foot long—just enough to properly attach it, while at the foot is a rope four and one-half feet long. This gives the greatest freedom for swinging the lower part of the body, while the head moves but little. This is a point which cannot be observed in a hammock for children, who think more of it as a swing than as a place for comfortable repose. When trees serve for supports, ample provision should be made to prevent injury to the bark, by means of stout canvas or heavy bagging between the ropes to which it is suspended and the bark. If the hanging be so arranged that the hammock can be taken in during long storms it will last much longer.

"Gin in Mine."

"Well, it's purty hot," answered a lake captain in one of the ferry dock saloons, "but it isn't nothing to the summer of 1836. We had it at least twenty degrees hotter than this right along for six weeks. I was running the Mary Jane between Chicago and Buffalo then, and I've seen the thermometer stand at 130 degrees in the middle of Lake Huron."

"That was awful," sighed one of the sitters.

"Well, it was fairish, but we didn't call it hot till we got into the St. Clair river, and the mercury ran up to 150 degrees when hanging against the water-butt. The boys used up 728 palm leaf fans on one trip that year. On one of our trips down we were becalmed for three days on Lake Huron. We got it there and no mistake."

"Purty hot, eh?"

"Well, I'm an old man, and I don't care to go to lying at this day, but I'll tell you a few solemn facts. Every sail on that schooner smoked and smouldered till they fell to pieces on deck and left us under bare poles! Yes, sir, we hadn't a rag aloft as big as your hand. That was just at sunrise in the morning, and within an hour we had to wet down decks to prevent them from burning. I went down stairs to consult the thermometer and it lay on the floor, all melted into a chunk of glass and tin! Then I began to realize how hot it was, and I got frightened."

"What could you do?"

"Well, not much. We had begun to rig lines over the lee side, so that all could take to the water, when the top-sail yard came down and killed the cook. The links in the chain had melted right out! I never knew a case like it since, but then the weather has cooled off greatly since 1836."

"And about the cook?"

"Nothing about him. When we picked the body up to heave it overboard it had spread out into a mass about four feet square, and we had to use shovels before we got through. He was a good young man and a perfect gentleman, and his mother never blamed me in the least for scoop-shovelling his remains over the rail. We finally rigged our lines and got overboard."

"And it was much cooler?"

"Ah! young man, how little you reporters know of the great lakes spread out before you on the maps! Cooler! Why, the minute we struck the water we began squirming like so many eels. The lake was red hot. The water would have cooked an egg in four minutes. I was blistered from head to heel in no time. Some day I will take off my coat and vest and show you my back. The flesh was actually cooked to a depth of two inches, and for over two years the dogs used to scent cooked meat when I walked out, and follow me by dozens. Five surgeons fainted away in a heap at the sight of my left shoulder, and the only man I could get to dress my back was a butcher under sentence of death."

"It must have been terrible. How did you come out of the calm?"

"Well, while I was squirming in the water a white squall struck the schooner and dowd she went. It was all over in a minute, and air and water were hotter than ever. I struck out for the Canada shore, over a hundred miles away, knowing that it was sink or swim, but in half an hour I was safe."

"Picked up?"

"Well, no," replied the captain, as he scratched his leg, "I struck an iceberg and climbed up into a cave near the top! I tell you it was a grateful change to me, and that's one reason I cannot see a hunk of ice and a lemon without feeling grateful to the man who invented both—with a very little gin in mine, if you please."

First Guard Duty.

The first tour of guard duty at West Point was performed by the late Major General T. W. Sherman, on one of the most terrible nights I ever witnessed. A storm of wind and rain arose soon after nightfall and raged during the greater part of the night with unabated fury, while frequent flashes of lightning disclosed the old forts and other picturesque surroundings of the point only to render it more appalling. Add to this frequent peals of thunder echoing among the surrounding peaks as if the world was coming to an end, and you can form some idea of the scene that comes up so vividly to my memory after the lapse of nearly half a century. In the midst of this terrible war of the elements it occurred to three of our cadets—one of them, perhaps, the corporal of the guard—that this would be a favorable time to test the metal of the young "pleb" from Newport. I shall never forget Sherman's appearance as he entered our tent the next morning, his gun cut and scarred in various places, his clothes wet and dripping and covered with mud. Whithorn (also from Newport) and myself eagerly inquired for the cause of his plight, and were informed that there were three men or devils—he did not know nor care which—had approached his post in the midst of the storm, covered with "white sheets," and endeavored to pass without giving the countersign. One of them, armed with a musket and a fixed bayonet, attempted to force his way; "but," said he, I stood my ground, and would have run him through, but for his superior skill in using the weapon." As soon as the young trio found that young Sherman meant *business*, they disappeared under the cover of the darkness, leaving him master of the situation, and I doubt not, have kept their defeat to this day a profound secret. The incident, however, is too good to be lost, and I now put it on record because I am probably the only living man, Whithorn having died early, that knows anything about it; and also because it gave unmistakable promise of the brilliant career now a part of our national history.

A Rule of Hospitality.

True hospitality is a thing that touches the heart and never goes beyond the circle of generous impulses. Entertainment with the truly hospitable man means more than the feeding of the body; it means an interchange of soul gifts. Still it should have its laws, as all things good must have laws to govern them.

The obligation to be hospitable is a sacred one, emphasized by every moral code known to the world and a practical outcome of the second great commandment.

There should never be a guest in the house whose presence requires any considerable change in the domestic economy.

However much the circumstances of business or mutual interests may demand in entertaining a stranger, he should never be taken into the family circle unless he is known to be wholly worthy a place in that sanctum sanctorum of social life; but when once a man is admitted to the home fireside he should be treated as if the place had been his always.

The fact of an invitation gives neither host or guest right to be master of the other's time, and does not require even a temporary sacrifice of one's entire individuality or pursuits.

A man should never be so much himself as when he entertains a friend.

To stay at a friend's house beyond the period for which one is invited is to perpetrate a social robbery.

To abide uninvited in a friend's home is as much a dismeanor as borrowing his coat without his permission. It is debasing the coin of friendship to mere dross when a man attempts to make it pay his hotel bills.

The close of two men having the same occupation and interests in life gives to neither a social right to the other's bed and board. A traveling minister has no more right to go uninvited to a fellow-preacher's house than a traveling shopkeeper or shoemaker has to go uninvited to the house of his fellow craftsman. Men are ordained to the ministry as preachers, teachers and pastors, and not as private hotel keepers.

She's All Right.

M. C. Shakespeare, a farmer, residing in the northwestern part of Texas, and possibly a distant relative of the renowned bard of that name, called on the Rev. J. H. Richey, at two o'clock, and said:

"Parson, do you know all the ladies in Waco?"

"No," replied Mr. Richey, "I don't know half of them."

"Do you know a widow lady named Mrs. Ward, who is employed in the family of Dr. McGregor?"

"I have not," said Mr. Richey, "the honor of her acquaintance; but why do you ask?"

"Well," said Mr. Shakespeare, "I don't know her either; never saw her in my life, but thinking as maybe you knew all about her I thought I'd come and ask you. I'm thinking about marrying her."

"I should think," remarked Mr. Richey, "that you would refer the matter to the young lady herself."

"I will, so I will," said Mr. Shakespeare, "but not until I have first seen Dr. McGregor," and, so saying, he turned and walked away.

About three-quarters of an hour later in the day Mr. Shakespeare again stood in the presence of Mr. Richey.

"I've seen Dr. McGregor," said he, "and he says he has known the lady for sixteen years, and she's all right." Then exacting from Mr. Richey a promise that he would wait in the office "a little while," Mr. S. walked off, saying he would "call on the lady."

And he did. "It's all right, parson," said he, on walking into Mr. Richey's office, less than an hour afterward. "I've seen the lady, and she says it's all right. Quick as I can get a pair of licenses I want you to go up and tie the knot."

At twenty minutes past four o'clock M. C. Shakespeare was married to Mrs. Nancy Ward, Rev. J. H. Richey officiating, and the newly wedded pair left at once for their rural home. Mr. Shakespeare has a good farm and is well able to make his wife comfortable. Mrs. Shakespeare is a good housekeeper and is otherwise well qualified to make a good wife. Two hours and twenty minutes, dating from the moment the would-be bridegroom's first inquiries were made, is the precise time occupied in the accomplishment of this alliance.

A Prehistoric Fortification.

There remains to this day the ruins of an ancient fortification about fourteen miles from Tyrone, near Moshannon Creek, Centre County, Pa. The entire site covers about two acres of ground, a portion of the outer walls, however, being entirely demolished. What seems now to have been the interior of the vast masonry consists of a series of parapets, and faces of the embrasures running at various angles. The front of the parapets, and faces of the embrasures, are still covered with some kind of durable plaster or cement. This cement facing is of a red color, about half an inch thick, and hard, almost as flint. Where it is broken the rock has crumbled away to the depth of several inches, and the top of the rocks is also worn away by time and the action of the elements, leaving the edges of the cement project like flanges set perpendicular to the plane of the rock. The age of this old fortress is beyond all possibility of computation. The composition of the cement is not known, bnt the building material belongs to that class of rocks known among geologists as Mahoning sandstone. This formation, when found in place, caps the Clearfield and Centre County region. At the time of its deposit no human being existed on the face of the earth, nor until long periods thereafter. Large trees now stand on the old masonry, and these are but the successors of other generations of trees that decayed many centuries ago.

A Big Alligator Story.

Mr. W. W. Ocain, living in the neighborhood of Huntsville, six miles northeast of Lake City, Fla., has been troubled for years by the depredations of a large alligator. His track as he made his way through the fields has been often seen, and the frequent disappearance of hogs occasioned this gentleman to make offers for his teeth. With the hope of destroying this pest, he put out bait and poison several weeks ago. The bait was taken but still the alligator took in additional shotes. A large hook was obtained and baited, but bait and hook were taken, the latter by gnawing the rope which held it. Things were becoming desperate, and the recent dry weather favored Mr. Ocain. Recently the alligator was trailed to his hole, and finding it muddy, it was concluded that he had just sought retreat. A negro was sent in, but was immediately seized by the leg, and with difficulty was rescued badly bitten. However, the party succeeded in killing the alligator, which measured ten and a half feet. He was skinned and opened, and in him was found the hook, a large pig, and several other things. Having been fed so well it was thought a good time to try alligator steak, but this was prevented by the suggestion that the meat might be poisoned. A dog, however, was permitted to eat his fill, and, strange to relate, in a short time was dead.

—There are 6,503,600 Jews in the world, according to the *Jewish Messengers* computation.

BRIEFS.

—Nashville boasts of $300,000 worth of improvements in six months.

—The dividends paid in Boston in August aggregated $2,533,063.

—The soil on which timber is grown increases or deteriorates its value.

—In Cambria county, Pa., butter sells at eight cents per pound.

—Senator Wade Hampton's leg still gives him a great deal of trouble.

—London has a police force of 10,474 men, costing $6,250,000 to maintain it.

—A new directory of Minneapolis, Minnesota, indicates that the population of the city is about 52,000.

—The pensions granted last year, from the English Civil List, amounted to $1200.

—Mr. Tennyson has been requested to write the inaugural ode for the Australian International Exhibition.

—The cotton mills of Columbus, Ga., consume annually 18,256 bales of the staple.

—In a Bombay cotton factory a man receives $8 a month, a woman $4, and a child $2.50.

—Since the Crimean war England has reduced her national debt from £900,000,000 to £712,000,000.

—Nearly 300 miles of railroad have been built in California so far this year.

—Split timber is more durable and stronger than that which is hewn, from the continuity of the fibres.

—Red ink is a solution of alum, colored with Brazil wood, or an ammoniacal solution of cochineal.

—The Pullman palace cars have been introduced on the Italian routes running from Brindisi and Bologna.

—The crop of pineapples this season is estimated at double that of former years.

—Ground has been broken for the monument to General Wayne, to be erected at Erie, Pa.

—The Ragged School Union of London expends about $130,000 a year in efforts to elevate the lowest and poorest classes.

—Meissonier will soon finish a portrait of the late Louis Napoleon, begun in 1870, but delayed by the war and the exile.

—Mrs. Mary Howitt has received from the English Government a pension of $500, in consideration of her literary services.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have ordered the building of eight hundred freight cars and twenty passenger cars at the Altoona shops.

—The President begins work shortly after 9 o'clock in the morning. His son, Webb, sits on his left hand and his stenographer behind his chair.

—In a thunderstorm in Appenzil, Switzerland, a few days ago, a farmer and ten of his cows, one of which he was milking, were killed by lightning.

—The $500 won by Courtney the other day at Silver Lake has been presented by him to the widow of a man who lost his life while in the sculler's employ.

—Chief Justice Chase's grave at Oak Hill, near Washington, is marked simply by a block of gray granite, bearing only the record of his birth and death following his name.

—The apple crop in Kent county, Md., promises to be much larger than usual, and it is expected that fifteen distilleries, producing 8,000 gallons of apple brandy, will be put in operation.

—At a general Conference of the African Methodist churches of New England, recently held at New Bedford, reports showed a membership of 1,317. The denomination has twelve Sunday-schools, containing 855 scholars.

—For the six months ending June 30th, 1879, there were thirty failures in Boston, with liabilities of $2,594,000, while for the same time last year there were 175 failures, with liabilities of $6,536,523.

—The famous solid silver vase, two-and-a-half feet high, and elaborately fabricated, presented by the Whigs to Henry Clay, in 1844, is offered for sale at Boston, by the great man's grandson.

—During the first six months of 1879, 52,394 cases of champagne were imported, an increase of 11,105 cases as compared with the same months of 1878; 736,020 gallons and 45,708 cases of French still wines were imported, an increase of 264,560 gallons.

—Dean Stanley has granted a site for a memorial of the late Prince Louis Napoleon in Westminster Abbey. It is in a recess in Henry VII's Chapel, near the spot where Cromwell's remains lay till they were disturbed at the Restoration.

—A woman working for a farmer near Detroit was fatally poisoned, recently, by washing a pair of overalls, which he had worn while putting Paris green on his potatoes. The woman had a cut or two on her hands, into which the poison penetrated.

—The English Wesleyan Association of Local Preachers, organized in 1849, has paid to the "sick, the aged, and for death," among its own members, over $275,000. There is a proposal to establish fraternal intercourse with the Methodist Local Preachers' Association in this country.

—It has been determined by the School Board of Richmond, Va., that all lady teachers in the public school of that city who shall marry during their terms of service shall thereafter be ineligible to the position of teacher, and their places shall be supplied by the Superintendent of Schools.

—New England has over 230 farmers clubs, with 72,000 active members, and library books to the number of 21,000. In the United States there are nearly 2,000 agricultural societies, with 58,000 volumes in their libraries, and with access to 360 different agricultural publications, all exerting a direct influence on the intelligence and future prospects of the tillers of the soil.

—The Employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Ferry Company, in Jersey City, have organized a fire department. The department is divided into twelve stations, connected by signals with the managers room in the depot. The organization is composed of twenty-four men, who are divided into two watches, one watch being in the daytime and the other at night.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1879.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square....	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column..	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	35 00
1 column...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

WALTER & DEININGER, Publishers.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Rev. C. F. Deininger, Pretcher-in-charge.—Sunday School, 2 P. M.—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. W. R. Whitney, Preacher-in-charge.—Regular services next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 1 P. M.,—D. Kimport, supt.

Reformed.

Rev. J. G. Shoemaker, Pastor,—Harvest Home sermon in Aaronsburg, next Sunday morning.

United Brethren.

Rev. John Landis, Preacher-in-charge.—

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening.

United Sunday School, 9 A. M.— B. O. Deininger, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 355, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. R. A. BUMILLER, Sec. C. W. HARTMAN, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

R. H. R. HARTER, Sec. J. HARTMAN, Pres't.

Millheim Escort of Co. B., 5th Regt., N. G., hold their drill meeting on the second story of Alexander's Block, every Tuesday and Friday evening.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR TREASURER,

HON. DANIEL O. BARR,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

A Woman's Hallucination.

George C. Western, who recently returned to Albany, Ga., from a trip through the Seventh district of Worth county, describes a strange case of hallucination investigated by him in that section of the State. A few weeks ago a woman from the humble walks of life grew interested at the protracted meeting at a neighboring church, the Union Baptist. Shortly before the close of the meeting she joined the church. "Going back home," says Mr. Western, "her incoherent, maddened and rambling conduct was noticed by her husband and children, and they became terribly excited about it. She went raving about the house and yard with a bucket of water baptizing everything in her pathway. She baptized her husband and each one of her children, and, while doing this, sang the most beautiful songs—songs that she had heard but once or twice. Although an unlettered woman (her husband will swear this), she reads any chapter in the Bible readily, pronouncing correctly and distinctly, paying attention to punctuation points, etc. She preaches nearly all the while, uses the choisest words, and displays great wisdom and knowledge in the handling of different subjects. Although no Mason she knows all the mysteries of that mysterious craft by heart. Dozens of Masons have gone to see her, and they all come away dumbfounded. Her husband has come to the conclusion that she is a witch. She has attempted acts of violence, but, as yet, has done no harm. He, with outside assistance, at one time tried to incarcerate her in one of the rooms of the house, but the doors became unmangeable and would not stay locked. She hasn't slept in eighteen days and nights, and during that time has taken but a few morsels of food. Hundreds are flocking to see the frenzied woman."

CHURCH FIGHT.

Wool enough to stuff a mattress could have been raked up in the Antioch Church, in East St. Louis, last Friday—and what's more, the wool once grew on the heads of the brethren and sisters of the congregation. It appears that not long ago the original Antioch congregation, which was made up of good colored citizens, split upon the choice of a new pastor. The high church element wanted the Rev. Henry McAllister and the others stuck to the old pastor, the Rev. Thomas Tredway. A new building was erected by the former, who, by hook or by crook, got hold of the Sunday school library. On Friday the old congregation invaded the new edifice and carried the library back to the old building. The McAllister Christians having rallied then attacked the Tredway brethren, the bone of the battle still being the library. The men on both sides fought and bit and the women scratched and fit until bruises and blood knew no bounds. Finally the new congregation withdrew and caused the arrest of Brother Tredway and many of his backers.

Fight with a Gang of Desperadoes.

St. Louis, Aug. 3.—Four unknown men, supposed to belong to a gang of desperadoes in the Indian Territory, rode into Coneyville, Kansas, yesterday, roobed the post office and committed other depredations. The citizens resisted, one of whom, named Fitzpatrick, was killed, another, named Roberts, was wounded. The robbers then left, and shortly after a detachment of United States troops started in pursuit, but have not yet arrested them.

316 Only one easy flight of stairs to J. Wes. Cornelius' Photograph Gallery, 316 Market St., Lewisburg. His Gallery is open at all hours for the reception of visitors, whether they wish pictures taken or not. It will be to your advantage to call and see the fine display of Photographic Art exhibited on the walls of his Gallery.

MURDER OUT AFTER MANY YEARS.

Tangible Evidence Found Under a Stump and in a Ground Mole's Hole.

OLEAN, N. Y., July 25.—Frederick Swein, who peddled cheap jewelry throughout this region twenty-five years ago, was last seen at William Moseman's farm, near the mouth of Lewis Run in McKean county. Moseman and his son-in-law had a bad reputation, and the neighbors charged that the two had murdered and robbed Swein. Pending an investigation Moseman sold his farm and went away with his family. Four years ago the man who bought the farm ploughed up an old stump and found a human skeleton. It was conjectured that it was that of the missing peddler.

Two or three days ago Thomas Dalton and Gray Wilson sought shelter from a thunder storm under the roots of a large tree that had been blown down near the spot where the skeleton was found. They discovered five breastpins and a lady's finger ring where the roots had torn the earth away. A ground mole's burrow near the spot was then followed with a pick-axe, and at the depth of four feet they found in a wooden box over a peck of jewelry, such as Swein carried. There is no longer any doubt of the guilt of Moseman.

316 J. Wes. Cornelius has the finest set of scenes of all kinds for making Photographs in town. His new Gallery cannot be beat and 316 is the number of his door.

What they say of us.

The Millheim *Journal*, which has heretofore been printed partly in English and partly in German, has been compelled to abandon the German in consequence of a decision by Judge Orvis affecting its legal advertising. The Judge decided that it was neither a German paper nor an English paper.—*Philad'a. Times.*

The Millheim *Journal* is no longer a 'alf-and-'alf paper, but an out-and-out English weekly, and looking as fresh and clean as could be desired. It should be liberally supported.—*Mifflinburg Telegraph.*

The Millheim *Journal* has parted with its German half and now is English all over. We sympathize with our neighbor in the necessity that requires this change, as we have no doubt it is like parting with an old and well tried friend. We can only add our best wishes for success.—*Phillipsburg Journal.*

The Millheim *Journal*, in accordance with its announcement a short time since, has discarded the German, and appeared in its last issue as an English paper througout. It has also adopted the patent outside, and with other new features has been immensely improved. As we said before, we think this change will be appreciated by the readers of that journal, as the number in the county who cannot intelligently read and understand English must be very small. We wish the proprietors of the *Journal* every success in their new departure.—*Bellefonte Republican.*

The *Millheim Journal* has improved itself with a patent outside, and dispensed with the German department.—*Centre Reporter.*

The Millheim *Journal*, for over fifty years published in German and latterly partly English and partly German, has ceased to be a relic from *Vaterland*, and is now published entirely in English. Thus gradually dies out German literature in this country. But the mother tongue will long continue to be spoken.—*Selinsgrove Times.*

The Millheim *Journal* came to us last week with a patent outside and with its inside pages, which are devoted to home news and editorial advice, much improved in appearance and contents. It is now all printed in English and deserves a place among our full-fledged Anglo-Saxon exchanges. If the people in that vicinity will subscribe for the DEMOCRAT and *Journal* their stock of happiness will be complete.—*Centre Democrat.*

The Millheim *Journal* has shed its coat of German, and is now a square English paper. We wish it most abundant success, with a little mental reservation in regard to its success politically.—*Lewisburg Journal.*

The Millheim *Journal* has been greatly improved and made all English.—*Democratic Watchman.*

The Millheim (Centre county) *Journal*, formerly partly printed in German, is now an English paper altogether. The *Journal* is a good local paper, and we are pleased to add it to our exchange list, with the hope that its new departure may prove advantageous to the publisher and his patrons.—*Watsontown Record.*

The Millheim Journal last week was printed, for the first time in fifty years, altogether in English. It was formerly printed in part in German and part in English, but a decision of Judge Orvis' that it was neither a German nor an English paper "in the sense of the law" prompted its publishers to adopt English altogether so as to retain its legal advertising.—*Clinton Democrat.*

Address delivered at the opening of the session of the Centre Co. Pomona Grange, at Centre Hall, Tuesday, August 5th, 1879.

BY LEONARD RHONE.

FELLOW PATRONS OF THE COUNTY POMONA GRANGE:—It is a source of great pleasure to every devoted Patron of Husbandry to meet in this third quarterly meeting, under such favorable circumstances, in such a pleasant place and surroundings. Here we meet to-day in a finely carpeted hall, amidst tapestry and tinsel, surrounded with pictures and works of art, and above all, a well selected library, that every Patron can well feel proud of. We can scarcely convince ourselves of the pleasant realities of the situation. Only the short time of six years ago the farmer knew hardly where to lay his head. He then dared only to fondly hope that the sanguine dreams of his imagination could ever be realized. Yet here in reality we meet to-day under circumstances that lived then only in the imagination of the few. Every Patron should learn the lesson from the success of the situation that surrounds us to-day, that it is possible to make the places of meeting of every subordinate Grange in the county even grander and more inviting than here.

When so much has been accomplished in the first six years by the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, what may we not accomplish in the next six years by like devotion and labors? I have no sympathy with those who are constantly crying "*failure*" and look only at the obstacles that have been blindly stumbled over, and who never have anything good or encouraging to say, even under the most favorable circumstances. It is the army that is continually in the field, sleeping only on the arms, that brings the shout of victory, even if some batteries and positions were lost and retaken. So to-day we can well shout victory, even if we did not win all our enterprizes. We are still ready to renew our contest to-morrow.

But I must not detain you long in the interchange of friendly and encouraging introductory remarks.

Much that appertains to the welfare of the order will require your careful consideration at the present session. Since our last meeting in April three of the subordinate Granges in the county, viz. Providence, Spring Mills and Progress were at the instigation of merchants, assessed by the Mercantile Appraiser, for license to order goods for the use of members of the Grange, who may give in their orders. I deemed it advisable to call a special committee of the County Grange on the 27th of May, consisting of the masters of the several subordinate Granges, to consider what action should be taken in the matter. Fourteen of the committee were present and after due consideration in the matter it was agreed to employ an attorney, to advise and conduct the case through a legal course, if necessary. It was agreed too, that the expenses should be paid equally proportioned between the subordinate and county Granges. The details of the case and the law on the subject will be submitted by the committee in a written report at to-day's session, so far as the case has gone, as it is still pending in court and will be argued at the August term. We should not seek to evade the law, nor on the other hand should the law or the government officials interfere with Patrons who are private citizens, in purchasing their domestic supplies and farm implements, where and when they please, especially when they keep no supplies for the accommodation of the general public. The Insurance Department of the Grange has increased more rapidly during this quarter than for any previous quarter of the year, making an increase for the quarter ending Aug. 5th, 1879, of nearly eighty thousand dollars. It was eminently wise on the part of the County Grange to restrict the eligibility of directors and agents to policy holders, so that they will feel a direct interest in the company. I would recommend still further restrictions, so that an agent or a director must be a member of the County Grange if any exist in the county where such agent is appointed or a director is to be elected. This I consider necessary so as to keep the company in the hands of devoted Patrons, who feel enough interest in the order to unite themselves with the County Grange, so that they may be intelligently informed as to the will and action of Patrons, as expressed through the law making body of the County Grange. We need the greatest wisdom in building a safe and reliable company. Any director that is unwilling to avail himself of the largest source of information through the County Grange and otherwise, is in the wrong place. I do not say this with a captious intent or with reference to any one brother in particular. I do not know that any such cases do exist. But I deem it necessary so as to give power to the County Grange as well as the company in order that we can control those whom we may choose to official position.

The Live Stock Department of the Grange has, during three quarters of this year run into market nearly as much stock as we did for the whole period of last year. But our agent has many obstacles to overcome on account of the combinations of stock dealers either to get the association under their control or to drive our agent out of the market. Not unfrequently after the official agent of the association has arranged for the sale of stock they would go back on contracts for future delivery, even in some instances our agent's letters were returned to local dealers in our county, with the assurance that they would not deal outside of old combinations. Not only should sub-agents, but all holding official positions in any of the business enterprises of the Grange compel the recognition of the official heads of the different business departments and treat with scorn all attempts to break down or to dishonor the official departments. The word of our agent in this association is as good as his obligation; he has labored honestly for its success, but we can not meet with that success desirable to give entire satisfaction to Patrons by promptly buying their stock, without making more extended arrangements and larger contracts, which our agent can not do, nor can any one else without going east to look up trade, make contracts and for a while superintend the selling, till we can form combinations in our own interests. I know of no better person to do this work in the east than the President of the Association. Let him make his headquarters in the field, cut the bridges behind him, and live off the country where he finds himself, and we will succeed beyond our expectation. There is nothing like the iron will of determination.

This is the first effort ever undertaken by farmers to form an association to market their own stock. We had no experience and but little capital yet so far we have met with a creditable and reasonable success.

It is a great undertaking in the face of prejudice, which has culminated into hatred, capital which is strengthened by combinations; but we must fight it out on this line if it takes this generation. The poorer class in England established the Rochdale system of co-operation in buying and selling, in the face of even greater difficulties and now after an experience of over forty years have the satisfaction of having a combined trade of $55,000,000 annually. Co-operative production in France had like difficulties, but after an experience of thirty years has succeeded. And co-operative banking in Germany has been established among the poorer classes after an experience of over twenty-five years. So I believe that there are virtue, intelligence, determination, stability, manhood and womanhood enough among the farming class to establish a system of co-operation that will not only control the marketing of farm stock but every product of the farm. A system which shall be handed down to future generations as a power and an influence equal to the importance of the agricultural interests of our country.

But we must be united to succeed. We should be sure that those who are placed at the head of the business enterprises believe in co-operation and the right of the produce to share profits in business and a voice in its control. There are plenty who are ready to serve as self-constituted agents, but we must not allow them to get a foothold in the order. No one should be eligible to any position in the association that is not a stockholder and a member of the County Grange.

The time has again arrived to make provision for our annual gathering. The public is already impatiently waiting its announcement. The same liberal provisions and arrangements should be made that we had on former occasions. Let us have our local grange festivities and gatherings in the winter where we can reach all, but let us annually have a great social reunion, so as to give public influence to our Order.

The late attack upon the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College by the State Legislature was an indirect attack upon our Order and the farming class. On former occasions when farmers received no consideration at the College the ones that now denounce the only institution that the farmers have were those that loudly applauded the College.

The education of the children is of great importance to our Order. They are becoming dissatisfied and leaving the farm because those that stay recieve but very little education and have but few privileges as compared with those that enter other pursuits—it is too frequently the case on many farms that the boys and girls must work day in and day out without any recreation to give pleasure and attraction to farm life. Already the voice comes from New Hampshire and Massachusetts that farms are being abandoned because those boys and girls who are to become farmers are denied an equal education, equal privileges of travel and enjoyment with those that study the profession and follow other pursuits.

How frequently the mother sets up the fight between Esau and Jacob by telling the one that he is only fit to be a farmer, and that the other is so smart it would be a pity not to educate him to pursue some more honored occupation. Then comes a long struggle to maintain the darling at college, while the one on the farm is destined all advantages and liesure of society and education. Even on the score of forced economy, and that work alone is the highest attainment of farm life he is denied the small pittance and time that it costs to maintain a membership in the Grange. But this is still not enough to crush out the ambition of the one that stays on the farm. But this favored child has become a great lawyer or minister, and must be heard even if it is at an agricultural meeting, and be applauded for his brilliant orations, while the one who stayed on the farm is thus robbed of the honors that should be his; sits in an out of the way place incensed at the injustice; despising the pursuit that robbed him, of equal intellectual attainments and honors with this favored brother.

There was a time when it was thought that it was not necessary to be educated as a minister or a lawyer, but people have learned that other conditions being equal that the one best educated is the one most useful. In the conviction of this theory, every professionhas its special school to fit those for the particular profession they wish to pursue. Yet when we turn to the pursuit of farming and the schools established to fit persons for the calling how unlike the schools for the professions. We find too few attending those schools to fit themselves to become eminent agriculturists and be a power to our class in the advancement and elevation of agricultural pursuits.

Be it said to the shame of the great state of Pennsylvania, that we have a legislature that dishonored the state and that has brought odium on the name of statesmen, by bringing our law-making body down to the low level of mere demagogism to gain notoriety as politicians by the mere impulse to be reform. This too in the face of the fact that the State College is the only Agricultural school in the state and that there are too few farmers sufficiently educated to deliver an intelligent address before a public audience. I do not wish to prejudice any one against the proffessional, or any other class. I congratulate him upon the success of their institutions, but I do say that such an underhanded attack on the only agricultural institution in our state by a set of mere demagogues, who have crept into the state legislature deserve the derision and contempt of every good citizen of Pennsylvania.

The college may have faults that can be overcome in time, but it never was better conducted, nor was it ever so well patronized as at present, or in better favor with the farming or mechanical class. The present president of the College is the most *common sensed* of any that the institution ever had. He has identified himself thoroughly with the agricultural class of our state; he is in great favor with our people, and is lecturing for them in nearly every county in the state, as he can find time between his high and important duties.

NOTICE TO TRESSPASSERS.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to enter upon the premises of the subscribers for the purpose of bathing or swimming, or for other unlawful purposes. There is fully enough of this nuisance and we are determined to stop it. Offenders will be dealt with according to law.

D. A. MUSSER,
JOHN D. FOOTE.

Aug. 7th, 1879. 31-3w

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to enter upon the lands of the subscribers for the purpose of shooting squirrels, or for other unlawful objects, as they are determined to enforce the law against all trespassers.

EMANUEL HARTER,
ELIAS WERT,
REUBEN HARTER.

Miles township, July 24th, 1879. 29-6

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The undersigned, Trustees appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre County, to sell part of the real estate of Martin Stover, late of Haines township, deceased, will offer at public sale, on Saturday, August 23rd, 1879, on the premises the following described, real property, viz:

ALL THAT CERTAIN FARM,

situate in Haines township, bounded by lands of Henry Fiedler, John Orndorf, John Hubler and John Bowersox, containing 114 acres and 126 perches, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation, except four acres, which is woodland. Thereon is erected a good 2-story Dwelling House, Tenant House, Bank barn and other outbuildings.

Also

A CERTAIN TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, situate in Haines township, and bounded by lands of John Young and Daniel Warntz, containing 117 acres and 119 perches. The said tract will be sold in four or five lots, to suit purchasers.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day, when terms will be made known by

MICHAEL STOVER,
NOAH STOVER,
Trustees.

A GOOD HOME FOR SALE.—The old homestead of the late Capt. Henry Smith, situate in Penns Valley, midway between Millheim and Spring Mills, half a mile north of the turn-pike road, and 2½ miles from the rail road, containing in all 180 acres, more or less, is now offered at private sale on reasonable terms. About 80 acres of timberland, on Brush mountain, easy of access, will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. The remaining 100 acres, of which 85-40 acres are cleared and under cultivation, and at least as much more can be cleared, will be sold together.

There are two dwelling houses, a good bank barn and other outbuildings on the premises. A fine, never-failing spring, is convenient to house and barn. A large variety of fruit—apples, pears, peaches, plums, cherries, grapes, &c., are also on the ground. Altogether it is a very desirable home, and will be sold at a bargain to parties who will apply soon. Further information can be obtained on the premises. For terms apply to

REV. S. SMITH.
Buffalo X Roads, Union county, Pa. tf

Bush House,

Bellefonte Pa.

GEORGE HOPPES,
Proprietor.

SPECIAL RATES TO FAMILIES, PERMANENT BOARDERS AND PERSONS ATTENDING COURT.

BOTH LANGUAGES SPOKEN AT OUR HOTEL.

C. W. STURGIS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE BANNER STORE, MARKET STREET,

LEWISBURG, PA.

First Class Goods, Good, Honest Work and Moderate Prices—is the Combination to be found at Mr. Sturgis' Establishment. Patronage from Centre Co. respectfully solicited. None but the best workmen employed.

DR. D. H. MINGLE,

Offers his professional services to the public Answers calls at all hours.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE

ON MAIN STREET,

Millheim, Pa.

ELIAS LOSE,

CARPENTER and Builder.

Doors, Shutters, Sash, Window Frames, and Mouldings, made to order on short notice and in the best possible manner.

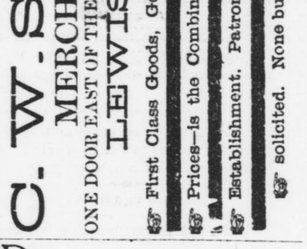
Yellow Pine Flooring constantly kept on hand. With thanks for past favors he solicits a continuence of the same.

MILLHEIM, PA.

C. A. STURGIS,

WATCHES,

SILVERWARE,



JEWELRY,

CLOCKS

AND

Musical Instruments.

Repairing done on short notice.

Engraving a speciality,

at the Millheim Jewelry Store, one door east of Eisenhuth's Drug Store, Main Street, MILLHEIM, PENNA.

CHEAPER Than Ever!

I have received my Spring & Summer stock of

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers.

Look at some of my prices

Men's Calfskin Boots, as low as	$2.50
Men's good every day Shoes as low as	1.00
Men's Carpet Slippers as low as	50 cts.
Ladies' Walking shoes, as low as	1.00
Ladies' Foxed Gaiters	75 cts.
" Leather Slippers	55 "
" Cloth "	30 "
" Gaiters	75 "
Children's Button Shoes	25 cts.

GO TO

KAMP'S

if you want to buy CHEAP.

Jacob Kamp,

Lock Haven, Pa.

THE YOUNG AMERICAN SCROLL SAW

Beats the World.

J. M. BEUGLER,
Sole Proprietor,
WILLIAMSPORT, PA.
Send for Circulars.

MILLHEIM MARBLE WORKS.

Deininger & Musser

PROPRIETORS.

This old and popular establishment is prepared to do all work in their line in a style equal to any in Central Pennsylvania, & at prices that defy competition.

COUCHES,
MONUMENTS,
HEADSTONES,

of all sizes, styles and prices made on short notice.

The proprietors hope, by

Strict Attention

TO BUSINESS,

FAIR DEALING

&

GOOD WORK

to merit the continued confidence of their friends and patrons, and of the public at large.

Shops east of Bridge,

Millheim, Pa.

DAV. I. BROWN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

TIN-WARE, STOVEPIPE AND TRIMMINGS, SPOUTING & FRUIT CANS.

Would respectfully inform the public that he keeps on hand or makes to order all kinds of TINWARE, STOVE-FIXTURES, FRUIT CANS, etc.

SPOUTING A SPECIALITY.

Fruit cans always on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Having some ten years experience in the business he flatters himself that his work is fully equal to any in this section of the country. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. **Shop, next door to Journal Book store, Millheim, Pa.**

W. J. STRAYER,

Fashionable Barber,

Opposite Stem's Store,

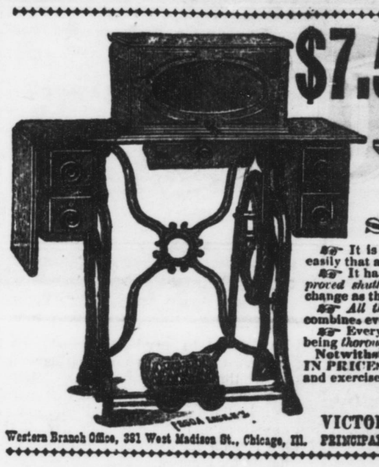
MILLHEIM, PA.

The patronage of the public respectfully solicited.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE

Is a monthly, 100-page Scrap Book of the cream of the World's Literature. Single copy, 20c., or $2 per year. An OIL Chromo (14x20 inches) of "Yosemite Valley," price, $3; "Black Sheep," a $1.50 book, in paper binding; "Christian Oakley's Mistake," a $1 book, in paper binding, and a sample copy of "Wood's Household Magazine"—all post-paid, for only 30 cents in money, or in one-cent postage stamps. Agents wanted. Most liberal terms, but nothing sent free. Address S. S. Wood, Tribune Building, New York City.

$7.50 SAVED!



Buy the IMPROVED

VICTOR

Sewing Machine.

☞ It is so *simple in construction* and runs so easily that a child can operate it.

☞ It has the *straight, self-setting needle*, our *improved shuttle*, with a *perfect tension*, which does not change as the bobbin becomes exhausted.

☞ *All the wearing points are adjustable*, and it combines every desirable improvement.

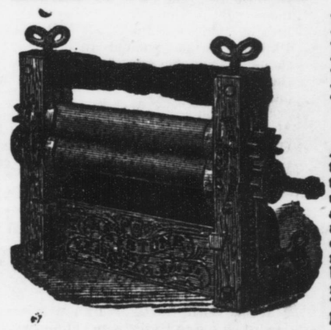
☞ Every Machine is sent out ready for use, after being *thoroughly tested*.

Notwithstanding the GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES we continue to use the best materials and exercise the greatest care in their manufacture.

Western Branch Office, 381 West Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO., PRINCIPAL OFFICE and Manufactories, Middletown, Conn.

KEYSTONE WRINGER.



Has Greater Capacity, Is More Durable, and Is better finished

Than any other wringer now made.

THE ROLLS

Are made of White Rubber clear to the shaft. No twine or wire or fibrous material, or anything else but rubber being used. The rubber is *vulcanized upon the shaft and cannot be taken off except by cutting it off.* They are more elastic than other rolls because there is nothing but rubber on the shaft, and more durable because there is no twine or fibrous material to rot out or wire to cut the rubber. They are greatly superior to any other kind of roll now known.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE KEYSTONE WRINGER.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

THE BEST OF ALL.

Unrivaled in Appearance, Unparalleled in Simplicity, Unsurpassed in Construction, Unprecedented in Popularity, And Undisputed in the Broad Claim OF BEING THE

VERY BEST OPERATING QUICKEST SELLING, HANDSOMEST, AND Most Perfect Sewing Machine IN THE WORLD.



The great popularity of the White is the most convincing tribute to its excellence and superiority over other machines, and in submitting it to the trade we put it upon its merits, and in no instance has it ever yet failed to satisfy any recommendation in its favor.

The demand for the White has increased to such an extent that we are now compelled to turn out

A Complete Sewing Machine every three minutes in the day to supply the demand!

Every machine is warranted for 3 years, and sold for cash at liberal discounts, or upon easy payments, to suit the convenience of customers.

AGENTS WANTED IN UNOCCUPIED TERRITORY.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., No 358 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,

Battle Creek, Mich.

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

"VIBRATOR" THRESHING MACHINERY.

THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all rivalry for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.



STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. Special sizes of Separators made expressly for Steam Power.

OUR Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engines, both Portable and Traction, with Valuable Improvements, far beyond any other make or kind.

THE ENTIRE Threshing Expenses (and often three to five times that amount) can be made by the Extra Grain SAVED by these Improved Machines.

GRAIN Raisers will not submit to the enormous wastage of Grain and the inferior work done by all other machines, when once posted on the difference.

NOT Only Vastly Superior for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, and like Grains, but the ONLY Successful Thresher in Flax, Timothy, Millet, Clover, and like Seeds. Requires no "attachments" or "rebuilding" to change from Grain to Seeds.

IN Thorough Workmanship, Elegant Finish, Perfection of Parts, Completeness of Equipment, etc., our "VIBRATOR" Thresher Outfits are Incomparable.



MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Gears. Makes Clean Work, with no Litterings or Scatterings.

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, Ranging from Six to Twelve-Horse size, and two styles of Mounded Horse Powers to match.

FOR Particulars, Call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

JOHN B. LINN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Bellefonte, Pa.

OFFICE ON ALLEGHANY STREET.

PAINT

GLOBE

White Lead and Mixed Paint Co.

CAPITAL STOCK, $200,000

These Paints are mixed, ready for use, any shade or color, and sold in any quantities from One Quart to a Barrel.



CHEAP, DURABLE AND REGULAR. ALWAYS READY FOR THE PAINTER.

DO YOUR OWN PAINTING.

These Paints are made of Pure White Lead, Zinc and Linseed Oil, held in solution and ready for use; are one third cheaper and will last three time as long as Paint mixed in the ordinary way.

$25 REWARD!

will be paid for every ounce of adulteration found in them. Thousands of houses and some of the finest villas in America are painted with these Paints. Send for Testimonials of same, also for Sample Colors and Price Lists, to the

GLOBE MIXED PAINT CO.,

OFFICE: 103 Chambers St., New York.

WORKS: Cor. MORGAN & WASHINGTON STS., JERSEY CITY.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME



The BEST, LATEST IMPROVED, and most THOROUGHLY constructed SEWING MACHINE ever invented. All the wearing parts are made of the BEST STEEL, CAREFULLY TEMPERED and are ADJUSTABLE.

It has the *AUTOMATIC TENSION*; It has the *LARGEST BOBBIN*; It has the

Easiest Threaded Shuttle.

The BOBBINS are WOUND without RUNNING or UNTHREADING the MACHINE.

It has a SELF-SETTING NEEDLE; It has a DIAL for regulating the length of stitch, WITHOUT TESTING; It has a LARGE SPACE under the arm; It is NOISELESS, and has more points of EXCELLENCE than all other machines combined.

Agents wanted in localities where we are not represented.

Johnson, Clark & Co.

30 UNION SQUARE, N.Y.

YOU Want It. Better than Ever. Your WIFE Wants It.

PRICE REDUCED.

Full of Plain, Practical, Reliable,

Paying Information

for Men, East, South, North; for Owners of Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Swine, or Farms, Gardens, or Village Lots; for Housekeepers; for all Boys and Girls;

OVER 700 Fine ENGRAVINGS both pleasing and instructive. The

American Agriculturist

Founded in 1842.

To Clubs of ten or more, one year, post-paid, ONLY $1 EACH,

4 copies, $1.25 each. Single subscriptions, $1.50. One number, 15c. A specimen, post-free, 10c.

A MAGNIFICENT Steel Plate ENGRAVING for all. Large PREMIUMS for Clubs.

Issued in *English & German* at same price.

TRY IT... IT WILL PAY.

Orange Judd Co., Publishers, 245 Broadway, N. Y.

Children Want It. Everybody Wants It.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1879.

B. O. DEININGER, - - - EDITOR.

R. A. BUMILLER, - - ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Local Department.

—Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. 47-1y

The Rich,

—Farmers Mills wants a post office. They are entitled to it and we hope they will get it.

The Poor,

—The Reformed Sabbath School of Mifflinburg will picnic at Coburn, next Saturday.

The Farmer,

—In Berks and Lebanon counties new potatoes are down to 25 cents a bushel.

The Mechanic,

—Col. Henry C. Eyer, a prominent citizen of Selinsgrove and composer of a music book that was one day quite popular, died on the 4th inst., of cancer.

Preachers, Lawyers,

—The Bellefonte and Snow Shoe R. R. Co. sell excursion tickets to Snow Shoe, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, during August. The fare for the round trip is $1.00

Doctors,

—John B. Smith bought some six to seven acres of land from John Harshberger. It is situated on the hill above town, and was part of Mr. Harshberger's farm. Price, $120 per acre.

Ladies & Gentlemen,

—Read the address of Mr. Leonard Rhone, delivered to the Centre County Pomona Grange. It will do you no harm, whether you square with everything he says or not.

Men & Women,

—Jonathan Philips sold "the orchard" on the hill, just east of town, to D. A. Musser. It is about three acres, and the consideration is $125 per acre. These are very fair prices for land as times are.

Boys & Girls,

—The property known as the old Capt. Smith homestead is now offered at private sale. This is a splendid chance for any person desiring a home of that class. For particulars see advertisement in another column.

In Fact

—Brother Hering and lady are again the first of our friends who make our hearts glad with a fine lot of apples. Theirs is the true, scriptural benevolence, for they give expecting nothing in return.

ALL,

—Chief Burgess Zerby will please to accept the gratitude of our heart for the nice lot of pears. We don't know what particular name to give them, but can state on general principals that they are "just splendid."

With But Few

—Philipsburg, in this county, pays her teachers rather good salaries, compared to other towns and townships. Their principal teacher gets $50, the next grade down, $45, while the teachers of the secondary and primary schools each get $35 per month.

Exceptions Go With

—H. A. Hart, of Williamsport gives notice in the papers of that city that he will prosecute any hotel or saloon keeper that sells him liquor. He is trying to quit drinking but feels that he cannot do it as long as he can get liquor.

The Great

—ANOTHER & ANOTHER.—W. L. Musser, Esq., and R. A. Bumiller "ye edditer," have each built a good substantial plank sidewalk. Keep the ball a-rollin'. We could mention several places yet that badly need side walks. Go in.

Harvest Home Picnic

—Two boys, named Zentmeyer and Montgomery, employed at M. Halfpenny & Co's, woolen mills, this place, got badly mixed up with machinery last Friday. Zentmeyer's arm was badly mangled between two cog wheels, and Montgomery had a leg almost crushed in a spinning machine.—*Lewisburg Cronicle.*

Excursion

—On Friday last our school board had a meeting and adopted the following series of text books for our public schools. We understand that the township has recently ad opted very nearly the same books. They are all published by the well known firm of Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co.:

New Graded Readers; Swinton's Spellers, History and Geographies; Robison's Arithmetics (Shorter Course) *and Algebra; Kerl's Grammar and Language Lessons.*

Arrangements will be made by our school-board by which these books can be bought at reduced prices.

to Lewisburg on the 21st of August. It will be the grandest gathering ever assembled between the Susquehanna River and the Allegheny Mountains.

316 CORNELIUS, the Photographer, of 316 Market St., Lewisburg, Pa. always leads in the new styles of Photographs and never imitates.

—Next Saturday the Elk Creeek and Liberty Sunday Schools will hold a joint picnic in Evert's woods, near Coburn. The Millheim Cornet Band will be present to entertain the occasion with music. Every body is cordially invited to attend.

—ONCE that we know of the people of this neighborhood had an opportunity to have their feather beds renovated, but that was many years ago. Again this opportunity presents itself and every one that has feather beds should improve it. Mr. S. C. Corbin, now at Israel Confer's new building, will cleanse your feathers and make them nice and fresh, like new, for a moderate price. Don't miss the chance.

—THEY MAY BE RIGHT.—The Sunday-school superintendents of Altoona, have come to the conclusion that Sunday-school pic-nics are not calculated to produce good results and the general pic-nics from that city are indulged in to such an extent, as to make them deleterious to the interests of the citizens and the cause of christianity. Therefore they recommend the Sunday-schools of Altoona to dispense with this usual jollification this season.

—JOSEPH RABER'S MURDERERS.—Charles Drews, Frank Stichler, George Zichman, Henry Wise, Josiah Hummel and Israel Brandt, convicted in April last of murder in the first degree for killing Joseph Raber, were brought into court to-day on a writ of error. After hearing the argument, Judge Henderson granted a new trial to Zichman, but denied the application of the others, and they were remanded for sentence.

—The JOURNAL BOOK STORE has just received a nice lot of goods that are sold not only as cheap but cheaper than can be bought anywhere in Penns or Brush Valleys. Fine Family Bibles, Pocket Bibles, Photograph Albums, Autograph Albums, Splendid Paper Boxes, Knitting Cotton, Blank Books, Hymn Books, Java Canvass, Zephyrs, Germantown Wool, Fine Fans, Velvet Photograph Frames, Chromos, Sunday School Reward Cards, Motto Frames, Mottoes, Games, Paper, Ink, Pens and Pencils in great variety, and many other things that cannot here be stated. CALL AND SEE.

316 Go to Cornelius' Gallery when you are at the Harvest Home and get his rates for Photographs to clubs of ten persons. It will pay Each and every person, making a full days wages by joining a club. Remember the place, 316 Market St., Lewisburg, Penna.

—Dr. Geo. L. Potter a prominent physician of Bellefonte, departed this life on Saturday the 2nd inst., in the 57th year of his age. Dr. Potter was a son of James Potter, and a grandson of Gen. James Potter of revolutionary fame. He was a physician of high standing and had been surgeon of the 45th and afterwards of the 148th Regt. Pa. Vols.

Dr. Potter was a friend of the poor. Much of his professional labors were performed among such as had no wherewith to pay. But that made no difference to the Doctor, he served such just as faithfully as he did the wealthy. His loss is deeply mourned.

CONFERENCE AT PENNS CREEK.

The Northern Conference of the Synod of Central Pennsylvania, met at the Penns Creek Church, August the 5th, 1879. The opening sermon was preached by the President, Rev. W. C. McCool from John 12 ; 26. The following clerical brethren were present: Revs. W. C. McCool, J. A. Koser, J. G. Anspach, W. L. Heisler, W. E. Fisher, S. E. Furst, F. Aurand, C. Schnure, R. Smith,——Yutzy, John Tomlinson, Dr. Wilson (Presbyterian,) Prof. D. M. Wolf and Rev. Hoffine (Reformed), W. R. Whitney (M. E.) Prof. P. M. Bikle (Gettysburg), and Rev. Letterman (Selinsgrove) were received as advisory members. Lay delegates were in attendance from Pine Grove, Boalsburg, Rebersburg, New Berlin, Mifflinburg, Hartleton, Bellefonte, Sugar Valley and Aaronsburg charges. Rev. J. G. Anspach preached German on Wednesday morning, and W. L. Heisler preached a sermon on Temperance, on Wednesday evening. Prof. Bikle and Rev. S. E. Furst delivered addresses on education, and Revs. C. Schnure and R. Smith read essays on subjects previously assigned them. The attendance at this meeting was good. Only three members were absent—Revs. W. H. Diven, J. A. Hackenberg and J. K. Miller. The members of the congregation, also attended very well. All in attendance thought this conference was a success, and seemed to enjoy themselves very much. The next meeting of Conference will be at Salona, Clinton Co., Nov. 18th next. X.

CENTRE HALL NEWS.

The corn in this vicinity promises to be a fair crop.

Farmers are busy threshing their grain.

Our mechanics all seem to be busy at their trades.

The improvements in our town are increasing—the water company intends to extend the water pipes toward the rail road.

H. E. Zerby's new brick house about completed. Ditto, J. O. Deininger's on Church street.

Some of our townsmen are enlarging and improving their homes. Let others do likewise. More anon. C

—PERSONAL.—A. C. Mingle, one of your good looking, tip-top fellows, called to see us last week. "Cap" is a graduate of the JOURNAL office but is now engaged as salesman in Bauland's Bee Hive Store Belletonte.

B. M. Hering and family, of Lock Haven, passed through on Tuesday on their way to Lewistown. Our friend and namesake called at our sanctum as well as at our dwelling but we just happened to be absent. Very sorry for it.

Rev. Samuel Smith, of Buffalo X Roads, paid us a short visit last week. He now travels in Snyder county, but was Presiding Elder on this district a few years ago.

Mrs. Susan Long, *nee* Susan Gotwald, was here to visit her old friends, last week. She resides in St. Louis, Mo., and if appearance mean anything, is on good terms with the world generally.

Prof. P. M. Bickle, of Pennsylvania College, gave us a short call last Saturday. The Professor is a gentleman of much culture and as an educator has had eminent success. He represents old Pennsylvania College as in a flourishing condition.

Rev. W. W. Criley and family, of Lewisburg, visited at Mr. John Bright's, Aaronsburg, over Sunday. Mr. Criley preached for Mr. Tomlinson at Aaronsburg, on Sunday morning, to the fullest satisfaction of the congregation, and also accompanied Mr. Tomlinson to his appointments at Penns Creek and Millheim. He seemed pleased with this part of the moral vineyard. Hope he will come again.

Prof. E. J. Wolf, D. D., of the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, gave us a wee bit of a chance on Saturday, to shake his *landsman* hand and look into his friendly face. His trip to Europe, last Summer, improved the doctor's health very much. May he long live to labor for God's cause.

Mr. M. W. Herr, late County Superintendent of Clinton county, permitted us to spend a very pleasant half hour in his company, last Friday. Mr. Herr is a "gentleman and a scholar," and just the chap for a first class agent for that enterprising firm of school book publishers, Messrs. Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co.

Mr. Frank P. Fisher and Lady, of Orangeville, Ills., left Aaronsburg on Monday morning for their home in the west. The *better half* of this new firm used to be Miss Sallie Rote, before she was Mrs. Fisher; and what is more and better, Mr. Fisher's Sallie and our own Wolfie are firm, life-long friends—and that certainly ought to have its effect on a fellow's *feelinx*. So then, first on general principals, and secondly for the special reasons above mentioned we wish the new firm all possible happiness and bliss. May God's richest blessings be theirs all the way down life's journey to the end.

With Mr. Fisher we have only a casual acquaintance, but the fact that he chooses an Aaronsburg lady for a wife speaks volumes for his good judgment. *His head is entirely level there.*

316 is the only place in Lewisburg to get fine Photographs of every description. Fail not to call at Cornelius' Gallery, 316 Market St., Lewisburg, Pa.

REBERSBURG FRAGMENTS.

Mr. Aaron Leitzell, our jovial huckster is improving his house.

Rev. E. J. Wolfe, D. D., of the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, is at present rusticating in our valley. The Doctors health seems to be somewhat improved.

Several book agents were among us for the past few days, giving us the benefit of there wisdom.

Fruit of every kind will be plenty.

That august body, the Miles township school board met a few days ago fixing teachers' salaries at $18 to $29 per month. That's right, gentlemen, but why not cut it down to ten dollars, or even less? School teachers are an abomination anyhow. Let's abandon them.

Our people are beginning to think that the cry in reference to a Harvest Home Picnic was all a farce; if not they want to know more about it. How is it Mr. *Journal?*

ANON.

[How it is? Why it is all a fixed fact and we all look forward with pleasure to the 21st. We expect a rousing turn out and a good time. EDITOR.]

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

P. D. Phillips makes first class work in his planing mill.

C. A. Horner and family went to the Seven Mountains for huckleberries and got lost. They were out almost two days before they returned. What was the matter, Peter?

The grave yard in George's Valley is now very neatly trimmed up and the graves all nicely filled up. *The ladies did it—God bless them!*

James N. Leitzell has put up one of the best frames for John Grenoble's house, ever made in these parts. Jim is a first class mechanic and deserves to be well patronized.

"*Better late than never.*" Clarence Gunsalus did at last go to the parson with one of the prettiest girls in town, and was legally made one with her. Hope their matrimonial sea may never have a ripple. Happiness, joy, peace, shall be their lot in this life and in that to come. Here is my ☞ to you and yours, Gunny.

The Excursion fever is spreading fearfully. By the 21st this whole section will be down with it. Literally everybody is in danger of being attacked. YONEY.

JURY LIST.—The following is a complete list of the Grand and Traverse Jurors for August Court, commencing Monday, August 25, 1879:

GRAND JURORS.

W. W. Leech, Harris.	J H Rhone, Bellefonte
Christ. Bitner, Potter.	Samuel Pletcher, Boggs
J A Hunter, Half Moon.	Wm. Dawson, Spring
William Marks, Boggs.	Benj. Rush, Marion
Robert Holmes, Walker	Ellis Lytle, Half Moon
John Jackson, Patton	Wm. Mills, Bellefonte
Adam Swartz, Walker	Wm. Blake, Philipsburg
Joseph Gilliland, Potter	Geo. B. Sinker, Rush
John Boozer, Potter	G Cronemiller, College
Steele Heverly, Spring	J S Gray, Philipsburg
Lewis Hess, Philipsburg	J I Condo, Gregg
William Tate, Benner	S A Marshall, Benner

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

J W Swartz, Huston	T. Green, Snow Shoe
D Rhodes, Bellefonte	Mich. Condo, Potter
Emil. Musser, College	Samuel Stephen, Worth
A J Kreamer, Harris	David Harter, Marion
J Dehlt, Howard Boro.	Israel Confer, Penn
J P Heckman, Gregg	John Funk, Philipsburg
D K Tate, Bellefonte	W Cadwalader, Unionville
Adam Stover, Harris	Sam Emerick, Potter
P W Burket, Half Moon	William Resides, Union
Wm. Bowes, Burnside	Geo T Brew, Bellefonte
John Shiffer, Ferguson	K Zimmerman, Walker
Jos. Shrom, Bellefonte	Ed Kline, Potter
H T Ryman, Milesburg	W Crissman, Snow Shoe
A McMullen, Walker	Rob Manly, Philipsburg
S Haupt, Bellefonte	Joon T Ross, Harris
Wm Merryman, Taylor	John Long, Rush
Dav Henderson, Taylor	Henry Musser, Boggs
Daniel Corman, Spring	Harry K Curtin, Boggs
John Gates, Ferguson	S K Faust, Miles
Cyrus Brungard, Miles	Harry Stewart, Harris
JC Dunkle, Philipsburg	Jas Dumbleton, Rush
M F Riddle, Spring	R S McCalmont, Marion
J V Gray, Worth	Jac Bower Jr, Haines
J W Furey, Bellefonte	John Goodhart, Gregg

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Richard Neman, Taylor	Wm McEwen, Union
W W McKinney, Worth	Wm Korman, Gregg
L A Straub, Bellefonte	S Spigelmyer, Haines
James Iddings, Boggs	J A Henderson, Benner
C Strickland, Bellefonte	D B Fletcher, Howard
R L Shirk, Milesburg	Mich Knoftsker, Gregg
H H Hewitt, Philipsburg	M Benner, Benner
Simon Hazel, Miles	John C Stover, Haines
D McGinley, Bellefonte	K Zimmerman, Walker
Philip Walters, Walker	J Shadman, Ferguson
Jacob Krider, Boggs.	J Weaver, Ferguson
B Graham, Bellefonte	Thom Miles, Milesburg
Wm Searson, Benner	John Reamy, Spring
J Mattley, Philipsburg	Robert Condo, Harris
N H Yearick, Marion	John Bair, Penn.
A W Gardner, Howard	Wm Pealer, Gregg
Jerome Confer, Boggs	Jesse Swartz, Walker
F P Musser, Penn	Day Rhule, Snow Shoe

Wm. Wilson of Clearheld county is accused of killing his 12-year-old son in a fit of anger, and now lies in jail awaiting his trial. It seems the boy was told to do one thing by his mother and another by his father. He obeyed his mother and the brutal father killed him.

MARRIED.

On the 27th ult., at Logansville, by Rev. F. Aurand, Mr. W. H. Kling, and Miss Clara T. Huber, both of Logansville, Pa.

On the 24th ult., at Centre Hall, by Rev. W. E. Fisher, Mr. C. M. Gunsalus and Miss Amelia Zettle, all of Spring Mills.

DIED.

On the 8th inst., in Penn township, Mr. John N. Bressler.

Mr. Bressler's age is not exactly known. The youngest estimate fixes it at 98 years, while some think he was even 103 years old. From his twenty-second year he was a resident of Penns Valley, residing ever since—a period of at least 76 years—on the same spot of earth. He was a very hard-working man all his life time. He was the father of eleven children and leaves surviving him a numerous posterity.

On the 11th inst., in Millheim, Amelia M., wife of John D. Foote, aged 44 years and 4 days.

Millheim Market.

Wheat No. 1	1.00
Wheat No. 2	95
Corn	40
Rye	45
Oats White	25
Oats, Black	23
Buckwheat	50
Flour	5.00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	15.00
Salt, per Brl.	1.75
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	4.00
Butter	11
Hams	12
Sides	6
Veal	5
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	10
Potatoes	
Lard	5
Tallow	6
Soap	5
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	4

COAL MARKET.

Egg Coal	$5.25
Stove "	5.50
Chestnut "	5.00
Pea "	3.50

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS WANTED For the *Best* and *Fastest Selling* Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Philada. Pa. 30-4w

PIANOS and **ORGANS**, $1,100 Pianos only $222,50; $370 Organs only $98.25; $325 Organs only $75.75. **Tremendous Reduction** during the Midsummer months. Having been **ELECTED MAYOR** of my city and entrusted with its bond's should be sufficient proof of my responsibility. Latest circulars and Illustrated Newspaper *free*. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 30-4t

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
For Internal and External use.
CURES—Neuralgia, Diptheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Cronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.
Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessor, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use
WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.
The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomache, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Keller & Co., 70 N. 4th St. Phila. 39-1y

WANTED!
We wish an agent, male or female, in each town of this county, to get up Clubs among families, hotels, factories, &c., for the sale of our Teas, and will offer very liberal commissions to such. We have been Importers of Teas for over 20 years, and can afford to send, and we will send a better article for the money than any other house in New York. Our Teas are put up in one pound packages, with the name and price printed upon each.
Address, for terms and blank form for Clubs, LONDON & NEW YORK CHINA TEA CO., P. O. Box 574. No. 20 Church St. N. Y. 39-1y

BOOTS & SHOES.
B. FRANK. KISTER,
has just opened a Boot & Shoe Shop,
MAIN STREET,
near Foote's Store,
where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, from men's coarse boots up to ladies cloth top button gaiters, at prices to suit the times. Repairing promptly attended to. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 30-3m

NESBIT BROS.,

Successors to the "East Lewisburg Lumber & Manufacturing Company,"
Manufacturers of
Flooring, Siding, Moulding, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Verandas and all other kinds of Building Materials.

BEING provided with ample facilities, the latest and most improved machinery, and the best mechanical skill, we are prepared to execute all orders promptly, and in the very best manner.

We give special attention to the furnishing of Material for the better grades of
HOUSE BUILDING.

Also, to the manufacture of SCHOOL OFFICE and CHURCH FURNITURE, SUNDAY SCHOOL, and PRIVATE BOOK CASES.

FACTORY—EAST LEWISBURG. NESBIT BROS.
N. B.—We can send Materials to Coburn or Spring Mills at cheap freights. 23-1y

THE BEST IN THE WORLD SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
WHITE SEWING MACHINE
$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS
BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS
NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE-PLATE.
FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.
SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT. WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS

P. GEPHART D. A. MUSSER
GEPHART & MUSSER
DEALERS IN
Grain, Cloverseed, Flour & Feed, Coal, Plaster & Salt.
MILLHEIM, PA.
Highest market price paid for all kinds of
GRAIN,
Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT
Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.
A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

Pennsylvania College,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
THE first Term of the next Collegiate year will begin
SEPTEMBER 4th, 1879.
The Faculty of the Institution is full. The course of instruction is liberal and thorough. The location is most pleasant and healthy, in the midst of an intelligent and moral community, and accessible by Railroad trains three times a day.
The Preparatory Department
which is under the direct supervision of the Faculty, has been re-organized, and furnishes thorough instruction for boys and young men preparing for Business or College classes. Students in this department are under the special care of officers who reside with them in the building.
For further information or Catalogues, address
M. VALENTINE, D. D.
President of College, or
PROF. P. M. BIKLE,
Principal of Prep. Dept.
Gettysburg, Pa., July 19, 1879.

BENSON'S
Capcine Porous Plasters
—THE BEST—
CURES LAME & WEAK BACK
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 30-4w

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official Reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address T. Potter Wight & Co., Bankers, 35 Wall St. N. Y. 30-4w

A GREAT OFFER! ORGANS $30 upwards; PIANOS $125 upwards, not used a year, good as new; warranted. NEW PIANOS and ORGANS at EXTRAORDINARY LOW prices for cash Catalogues Mailed. HORACE WATERS, Agt., 40 East 14th St., N. Y. P. O. Box, 3530. 30-4m

SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER.
The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice Aromatics and French Brandy for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps & Pains, Diarrhoea & Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Want of Tone and Activity in the Stomach and Bowels and avoiding the dangers of Change of Water, Food and Climate. Ask for
Sanfor 's Jamaica Ginger.

Dr. Oberholtzer's Liniment;
CAMPHOR MILK,
is now highly recommended and extensively used for Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, Aches, Pains, Sores Stings, Swellings, Sprains, &c. It is of the greatest value in curing Cuts, Galls, Sprains and swellings in horses.
It acts quickly and surely. It at once smoothes and relieves the Stiff Joints, the Lame Muscles and the Aching Nerves. The money will be paid back to any one not satisfied with its effects. Price 25 cts. 5 bottles for $1.
Prepared only by Levi Oberholtzer, M. D.

The Phœnix Pectoral,
Has proved itself to be peculiarly adapted to old persons, consumptiveness and children. It breaks a cold. It stops a cough. It aids expectoration. It gives instant relief. It gives strength. It brings rest. It has made more cures than any other medicine. Thousands of the citizens of Eastern Pennsylvania have used it for years past and testify to the relief given and cures effected.
Price, 25 cents or 5 bottles for $1.
Prepared by Levi Oberholtzer, M. D.

GERMAN HORSE AND COW POWDER.
Keeps stock healthy and in good condition. It aids digestion and assimilation. It makes fat, muscle and milk. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better spirits and condition. It also keeps poultry healthy and increase the quantity of eggs. It is made by Dr. Levi Oberholtzer at his mills, back of 133 N. Third Street, Phila. It is sold by actual weight, at 15 cts. per pound, by J.W. SNOOK, Millheim, Pa.

KANSAS FARMS AND FREE HOMES.
HOW TO GET THEM in the best part of the state. 6,000,000 acres for sale. For free copy of "Kansas Pacific Homestead." address Land Commissioner, Salina, Kansas.

OLD AND RELIABLE.
DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates.—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT
SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR
To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders. The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic influences. It Purifies the Blood; Regulates the Bowels; Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD,
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.
SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, June 29th, 1879, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p. m.
"	" Harrisburg		4 25 a. m.
"	" Williamsport		8 35 a. m.
"	" Jersey Shore		9 07 a. m.
"	" Lock Haven		9 40 a. m.
"	" Renovo		11 00 a. m.
"	arr. at Erie		7 35 p. m.
NIAGARA EXP.	leaves Philadelphia	8 30	a. m.
"	" Harrisburg	11 45	a. m.
"	arr. at Williamsport	2 35	p. m.
"	" Lock Haven	3 55	p. m.
"	" Renovo	5 25	p. m.
FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia	11 45	a. m.
"	" Harrisburg	3 35	p. m.
"	arr. at Williamsport	7 25	p. m.
"	" Lock Haven	8 40	p. m.

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP.	leaves Lock Haven	6 40	a. m.
"	" Jersey Shore	7 15	a. m.
"	" Williamsport	7 55	a. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	11 45	a. m.
"	" Philadelphia	3 15	p. m.
DAY EXPRESS	leaves Renovo	10 05	a. m.
"	" Lock Haven	11 20	a. m.
"	" Williamsport	12 10	p. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	4 10	p. m.
"	" Philadelphia	7 20	p. m.
ERIE MAIL	leaves Renovo	3 50	p. m.
"	" Lock Haven	10 00	p. m.
"	" Williamsport	11 20	p. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 00	a. m.
"	" Philadelphia	7 40	a. m.
FAST LINE	leaves Williamsport	12 35	a. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 55	a. m.
"	" Philadelphia	7 40	a. m.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains from Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.
Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.
Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.
WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

WESTWARD.

LEAVE	1. A. M.	3. P. M.	5. P. M.
Montandon	7 00	2 00	6 20
Lewisburg Arrive	7 15	2 10	6 35
Lewisburg Leave	7 15	2 20	
Fair Ground	7 20	2 30	
Biehl	7 30	2 40	
Vicksburg	7 35	2 48	
Mifflinburg Arrive	7 50	3 05	
Mifflinburg Leave	7 50	3 15	
Millmont	8 10	3 35	
Laurelton	8 20	3 50	
Coburn	9 30		
Arrive at Spring Mills	10 00		

EASTWARD.

LEAVE	2. A. M.	4. A. M.	6. P. M.
Spring Mills		10 20	
Coburn		10 45	
Laurelton		11 55	4 05
Millmont		12 07	4 20
Mifflinburg Arrive		12 30	4 40
Mifflinburg Leave		12 30	4 50
Vicksburg		12 45	5 05
Biehl		12 52	5 13
Fair Ground		1 02	5 23
Lewisburg Arrive		1 10	5 30
Lewisburg Leave	6 35	1 20	5 45
Arr. at Montandon	6 50	1 30	6 00

Nos. 1 & 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road.
Nos. 3 & 4 with Day Express east and Niagara Express west.
Nos. 5 & 6 with Fast Line west.
An Omnibus will run between Lewisburg and Montandon, to convey passengers to and from Pacific Express east on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.
The regular Railroad Tickets will be honored between these two points.

H. T. HELMBOLD'S
COMPOUND
Fluid Extract
BUCHU.
PHARMACEUTICAL.
A
SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR ALL
DISEASES
of the
Bladder & Kidneys.

For Debility, Loss of Memory, Indisposition to Exertion or Business, Shortness of Breath, Troubled with Thoughts of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Chest and Head, Rush of Blood to the Head, Pale Countenance and Dry Skin.

If these symptoms are allowed to go on, very frequently Epileptic Fits and Consumption follow. When the constitution becomes affected it requires the aid of an invigorating medicine to strengthen and tone up the system—which
"Helmbold's Buchu"
DOES IN EVERY CASE.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU
IS UNEQUALLED
By any remedy known. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians all over the world, in
Rheumatism,
Spermatorrhœa,
Neuralgia,
Nervousness,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Constipation,
Aches and Pains,
General Debility,
Kidney Disease,
Liver Complaint,
Nervous Debility,
Epilepsy,
Head Troubles,
Paralysis,
General Ill Health,
Spinal Diseases,
Sciatica,
Deafness,
Decline,
Lumbago,
Catarrh,
Nervous Compl'ts,
Female Complaints.

Headache, Pain in the shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Eruptions, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Palpitation of the heart; Pain in the region of the Kidneys and a thousand other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

HELMBOLD'S
BUCHU
Invigorates the Stomach,
and stimulates the torpid Liver, Bowels and Kidneys to healthy action, in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.
A single trial will be quite sufficient to convince the most hesitating of its valuable remedial qualities.

Price $1 per Bottle,
Or Six bottles for $5.

Delivered to any address free from observation.
"Patients" may consult by letter, receiving the same attention as by calling.
Competent Physicians attend to correspondents. All letters should be addressed to
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Druggist and Chemist
Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION!!
See that the private Proprietary Stamp is on each bottle.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Our Crocodile Hunter.

A young Naturalist gives the following account of hunting the crocodile on the Orinoco: We landed upon a huge sand-bar, and, taking our guns, hatchet, field-glass, etc., started across the green bank that we saw on the other side of the bar. Before we got across we christened that bar the "Great Desert." As we neared the opposite side we saw that, as we had suspected, there was a little body of water between the sand bar and the shore. Very soon we sighted a fine crocodile, basking in the rays of the midday sun, near the edge of the water. There was not a bush nor blade of grass to afford us cover, but quickly making ready and throwing ourselves upon our faces, began worming our way toward the great reptile as fast as possible, taking advantage of some little ridges and depressions in the sand. But he was too smart for us, and before we were within good rifle shot he quickly slid into the water and disappeared. Just then we came in sight of another and larger crocodile much nearer to us, so near that we wondered why he had not taken alarm and fled. We at once turned our attention to him, and began creeping up, until we thought we could afford to fire. We lay flat upon the sand, made ready, Chet softly remarked:

'One, two, three——.'

And our rifles spoke together. Without waiting to reload, I left my gun lying on the ground and ran full tilt to grab the tail of the reptile and prevent his getting into the water, for when a crocodile is badly wounded it is possible for a man to hold it from getting away. I merely noticed that it was a large old fellow and stooped to grab his tail—when suddenly his tail was whisk-out of my grasp, and the crocodile quickly swung round with his head toward me. He raised his head high up, opened his jaws to their widest and uttered a loud hoarse kind of snarl. It was the first time a crocodile or alligator had turned upon me, and I was very much taken by surprise. I left the vicinity of those jaws as quickly as possible, and got around to the tail. Again the crocodile swung around on his tail and hind legs and faced me with his jaws open and still uttering that horrible, angry snarl. I yelled to J——.

'Bring the hatchet!'

I quite forgot that he had a rifle. Again I ran round to the tail of the reptile, and again he turned upon me' '*Bring the hatchet!*'

'Shut your mouth! I won't do it!' bawled out Chet, running up and shoving in a cartridge as he ran. I kept the crocodile busy turning round until Chet was ready to fire, when he sent a ball through its neck-bone and ended its troubles in a moment. It was a fine male specimen, length ten feet eight inches, and from the exceeding roughness of its exterior, very thick skin and blunt claws we were led to believe that he was very old, and had probably attained his full growth. We found that one ball had struck him in the neck, but missing the cervical vertebræ, and the other entered his shoulder. Why he did not take to the water when he was so well able to do so was a mystery to us.

We removed the skin as quick as possible, folded it into a bundle and took turn about, carrying it across the desert to the canoe. Then we thought that our dogged perseverence in crossing the river in the morning had been rewarded. On returning J——. generously offered to take the front seat, and before we had got across he remarked that it was harder to take it easy than he thought. After toiling across another sand bar with that skin on our backs we dumped it into Captain Ricci's boat and went sailing up to Bolivar with tired arms and legs and a fair wind.

Every Lady Her Own Dressmaker.

Developments are constantly taking place in every department of science, art and industry, and it can scarcely be expected that fashion should go backward or tend in the direction of that simplicity which belonged to the time when the spinning wheel turned out the cloth or the linen and the hand loom toiled laboriously at the costlier fabrics, the use of which were confined wholly to the rich and great. In those days linen was made for a lifetime and cloth to be used by children's children. Fashion changed but slowly, and not at all among those who earned their daily bread by honest labor. The world was very different from what it is at the present time. Now, wealth is much more widely distributed, and machinery has made fabrics so cheap that it only pays to mend them from the cost of making, not from the money spent upon the material itself. Materials are very reasonable in price. It is well worth while nowadays for young women to bestow upon their own dress some of that time, patience and consideration which they have been accustomed to devote to fancy work. Paper patterns are now obtainable with as much ease as a spool of thread. They are designed and cut accurately, and there is no obstacle to the cultivation of charming taste and originality in their dress by young women though they may not have a superabundance of pocket money. Let them take a well cut design as a basis of operations. They may diverge from it in any way that suits their fancy after they have learned to do so with safety, and by saving themselves the expense in making, be able to indulge in more dresses as well as more of the accessories of dress. Light and diversified colors are more fashionable now than for some time past, and freshness, frequent renewal, is essential to their attractive appearance. Let the girls, therefore, learn to be their own dressmakers, if they would dress beautifully and fashionably.

Phosphorous may be handled with impunity under water; in the air it is inflamed by very slight friction.

My Neighbor's Lace Lambrequins.

"For the land's sakes!" exclaimed Mrs. Brown, dropping in upon me for a morning's call, "what an extravagant creature that young Mrs. Harman is! why just as I was coming through the back yard, I happened to glance up, and I do declare, if there to all her kitchen windows don't hang the most beautiful lace lambrequins I ever set my eyes on."

"Lace lambrequins at her kitchen windows! you must be mistaken."

"No, I am not, and if you don't believe it, just go and look for yourself."

I did so; and sure enough, there hung what appeared to be elegant lace lambrequins.

"She'll ruin that husband of hers," continued Mrs. Brown. "I must say it makes me angry to see such doings. Mr. Brown is worth twice as much as her husband, and I never thought of having anything else but green paper curtains at any of my windows."

"Well," I remarked, "I think it is a very extravagant move. Young persons when starting in life, should be economical, if ever, and look out for a rainy day."

"Have you called?" asked Mrs. Brown.

"No, but I should like to."

"Then supposin' you slip on your bunnit, and we'll jest step over. Those lambrequins have made me kind o' curious."

I assented, and in less than five minutes we stood at the door of a pretty cottage.

"Good morning, ladies," said Mrs. Harman, appearing at the door in a neat calico morning dress, "walk in," and she ushered us into a cool, shady room, whose windows were draped with curtains of white dotted muslin.

She was very social, and we fell at once into a pleasant chat. At last Mrs. Brown introduced the topic of domestic economy.

"Yes, indeed," said Mrs. Harman, "I know something of economy. Harry and I are just starting in life, and I feel we ought to save in every way that we can, without infringing on our real comfort. He wanted me to keep a girl, and I told him, no, that I had much rather do my own work, and I find it very pleasant, too. Through the hot weather I arise bright and early, and get all the baking and sweeping out of the way before breakfast; then I have plenty of leisure to sew. Yesterday, I finished those curtains, (pointing to the window,) I didn't think they would do so well. I made them out of a couple of old white dresses that I had thrown aside—"

"You ought to have put your lace lambrequins in here," said Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Harman looked puzzled.

"What do you mean?" she asked.

"Why, them beautiful lace things you've got hanging up to your kitchen windows; I couldn't think of such extravagance in my house."

Mrs. Harmon broke into a hearty laugh—

"Won't you step out and look at them?" she asked.

"Well I never! if I ain't beat!" uttered the amazed Mrs. Brown, as we surveyed them, for lo and behold, they were nothing but newspapers cut and notched in imitation of lace pattern.

Mrs. H. kindly showed us how to fold the papers and cut them, so we both walked home and hung lace lambrequins at *our* kitchen windows—try it.

SCIENCE.

J. Blumel, a young mechanic, of San Francisco, has invented an ingenious device to prevent false alarms of fire. His design is to manufacture new doors with his attachment for the boxes now in use. The door has an opening in the under edge through which a hand can turn a knob opening the door and disclosing the apparatus. The revolution of the knob, however, causes two iron bars to shoot out, one on each side, and catching the intruding hand in a vice-like grip, from which it is impossible to extricate it until a fire engine arrives and the trap is unlocked. In that way the person who turns in an alarm is imprisoned.

A new type-writer machine comes from Copenhagen. The aim of Hansen, the inventor, was to simplify the mechanism between the keys, whinh are pressed by the fingers, and the device which directly effects the imprint. The key-board is abolished and a semicircular copper cap over the circle of type arms is made to do the work, By means of a rod this cap connects each arm with a single spring-push button.

Professor E. Wiedman, in his investigation of the nature of Spectra, has shown that a gas having temperatures of far less than 100 degrees C. can be illuminated by electrical discharges. He thinks that the phenomenon is the result of an exaltation of the living force of the oscillatory movements of the ether envelopes.

When starch is added to milk by fraudulent dealers the fact can be determined by the process recommended by Dr. Vulpius. A sample is coagulated with a few drops of acetic acid, heated to boiling and filtered. A watery solu- of Iodine is poured into the clear whey, which instantly develops a blue cloud if starch is present.

Jarmolink maintains that steel can be hardened not only by immersion in boiling water, but even in boiling oil, melting lead and melting zinc.

Bamboo shoots are used as an article of diet in Jadan. At a certain stage of their growth they are said to be so nourishing as to rival even culiflower and asparagus.

Languor, Its Cause and Remedy.

The cause of languor, when it is not the immediate or indirect consequence of positive disease, is traceable to a debilitating temperature. Persons living in a warm, moist climate are peculiarly subject to it. Diminished physical vigor and an indisposition to active exertion are its characteristics. Sometimes it is accompanied by undue relaxation of the bowels, and by dyspepsia or bilious symptoms. A reliable remedy is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a strengthening and alterative medicine derived from the purest and most efficacious vegetable sources, with a pure spirituous basis, pronounced by eminent physicians a mild and wholesome stimulant. The Bitters, foremost of American Tonics, is largely used in the tropics, where the climate is very productive of debility, malarial fevers, and disorders of the bowels, liver and digestive organs.

FARM AND GARDEN.

REMOVING METALLIC SUBSTANCES FROM GRAIN.—The introduction of grain-binding machines employing iron wire to bind the sheaves very quickly led to the discovery that the bits of wire, cut off each time a sheaf was bound, caused a great deal of trouble in the after process of grinding. The ends of the wire mixed with the grain reached the mill only to break and scratch the stones and machinery, and to produce friction and heating that sometimes resulted in setting fire to the mill. So serious became this matter that the millers objected to receiving any grain bound in machines using wire. Fortunately, the difficulty has been surmounted by the introduction of appliances for removing the bits of iron from the mill. Experiments showed that a common magnet hung in a grain-spout would catch and retain particles of metallic substances mixed with grain. Several methods of accomplishing the same results are now in use in western mills, and they may be divided into two classes; those using permanent magnets and those using electro-magnets. It has been found that a dozen "machine" magnets (preferable to "horseshoe" on account of their shape) hung in a grain-spout are sufficient to arrest every particle of magnetic metal, from pieces of wire several centimeters long, down to iron filings and metallic dust. The usual plan is to saw off a portion of the top of the spout and to divide it into three pieces and cut holes in each piece for the legs of the magnets, placing four magnets in a row across the spout. This gives three rows of magnets placed directly or diagonally across the stream of grain the diagonal position being considered the best as the grain is driven from side to side in passing, and brought into close contact with the magnet. The magnets may be lifted out of the spouts in groups of four by taking off one of the covers, and may then be cleaned and put back without disturbing the others. Another method of hanging the magnets is to cut three slots across the spout, and hang the magnets on a rod with blocks between them to keep them in position. By this arrangement, the magnets may be removed one at a time, enough of them remain to keep up the work while the others are being cleaned. The metal adhering to the magnets is easily brushed off, two clearings in a day being found sufficient. By employing bars of soft iron in connection with coils of wire and a battery, electro-magnets may be used, and in lifting out the magnets it will only be necessary to break the circuit, when the metal adhering to them will instantly drop on. Another form of apparatus employs horse-shoe magnets, having a paper or wooden filing between the legs, set upright on the ends of arms revolving horizontally in a circular tank, very much after the manner of some forms of mixing-machines. The grain is delivered at the edge of the tank, and is pushed by the revolving magnets toward the center, when it escapes through an opening in the bottom of the tank. Another device employs a series of permanent magnets and a traveling apron for conveying the grain away after it has passed over the magnets. The only advantage of the use of electro magnets is in the facility of cleaning them by breaking the circuit and demagneting the iron. By suitable clock-work this can be done automatically, provided there are appliances for shutting off the grain and for catching the metallic dust when the magnets are thrown out of action.

AVOID giving a tired horse very cold water, as it often produces colic. In large establishments exhaust steam is passed through the horse troughs; others allow the water to stand for some time in buckets. On the road horses should be watered once in ten miles at least. The stomach of a horse is so small in comparison to his body that large draughts injuriously distend it; consequently, small quantities at regular intervals is the best rule.

IT is a great mistake to keep cattle stabled all winter and then turn them out in spring, exposing them to cold storms of wind and rain. Stock especially dairy stock, and all animals giving milk, should be carefully protected in the spring until the days and nights are warm.

Swallowed by a Saurian Monster.

Aaron Strickland lives on his small farm on the west side of Hillsborough river, and six or seven miles northwest of Tampa, Florida. On the 13th his infant son, nineteen months old, rambled off out of the yard with a puppy and a kitten, its playmates, while the father was off at work and the mother was engaged in her household duties. As soon as the mother missed the little fellow, who was not to be found about the place, or at his accustomed resort, a near neighbor's, the distracted parents set out on a search, at the same time giving the alarm to the neighborhood. Throughout Friday the search proved unavailing, and on that night the kitten and puppy returned home. On Saturday the search was still prosecuted by increased numbers of men, as the loss of the little waif became known, but without success, and on Sunday not less than a hundred men turned out to find the child, the most intense interest and no little excitement as to the fate of the poor little wanderer having been developed by this time. A short time after one squad of the searchers found blood and some of the child's hair and some parts of its clothing on the margin of a lake, known as Horse pond, some three and one-half miles from Strickland's residence. It being about night when the trace of the lost child was discovered the search was suspended till the following (Monday) morning, when a party returned and, after some little search saw something floating in the lake about one hundred yards from shore and an alligator lying near by. Two of the party swam out after the object seen floating which proved to be the pelvic portion of the body and thighs of the lost child. It is supposed that the poor little fellow in his wanderings, reached the margin of the lake, and possibly by his crying attracted the attention of the saurian monsters, which are known to be attracted by the cry of young animals. From the blood there can be no doubt but what the child was killed on the land by some beast, and taking all the circumstances into consideration, no other conclusion can be fairly arrived at than that of the saurian monsters having done the work.

FOR SCROFULA IN ALL ITS FORMS, whether Ulcerations of the Flesh or Bones, Enlargements of the Joints, Glands, Swellings, Eruptions, Tumors, &c., Dr. Jayne's Alterative has been found preeminently successful. By its action on the blood, it destroys the virus or poisonous principle from which these diseases originate, and drives it from the system.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

REMEDIES FOR CARPET BEETLES, MOTHS, ETC.—First—Steep one-quarter of a pound of Cayenne pepper in a gallon of water; add two drachms of strychnia powder. Strain and pour this tea into a shallow vessel, such as a large tinned iron milk pan. Before unrolling a new carpet set the roll on each end alternately in this poisoned tea for ten minutes, or long enough to secure the saturation of its edges for at least an inch. After beating an old carpet, roll and treat all its seams and edges to the same bath. Let the carpet dry thoroughly before tacking to the floor, in order to avoid the accidental poisoning of the tacker's fingers by the liquid. It is, perhaps, unnecessary to state that the residue of the liquid should be thrown out where it will not be drunk by any domestic animal, or if preserved for future use, carefully labelled "poison." This preparation will not stain or disfigure carpets nor corrode metals in contact with the carpets, as will most preparations of corrosive sublimate.

Second—One pound of quassia chips, one-quarter of a pound of Cayenne pepper, steeped in two gallons of water. Strain and use as above. This preparation, although irritating to the human skin, especially on cut surfaces, has the advantage of not being poisonons. To either of these teas from one-quarter to one-half more boiling water may be added at the time of first using, if greater depth of the liquid in the vessel be required. When it is desirable to treat carpets that are not to be taken up, either of the above preparations may be applied by means of any of the common atomizers, to every seam and margin, with good results, although a second and even a third application may be needed.

TO KEEP HAMS IN SUMMER.—There are a number of modes given to keep hams through the warm season free from the attacks of insects. Some bag them and whitewash the bags, which is troublesome and somewhat expensive; some cover them with dry wood ashes, and pack them in barrels; some pack them in barrels and cover thoroughly with shavings; but we think the best plan of all, and certainly the least expensive with all who have a smoke-house, and every farmer should have a good one, is to keep the hams hung up in the smoke-house, which should be kept perfectly dark at all times. We have eaten hams so kept two years old, and they were among the very best we ever tasted. Uniform darkness is a complete protection against all attacks of insects.

BE WISE AND HAPPY.—If you will stop all your extravagant and wrong notions in doctoring yourself and families with expensive doctors or humbug cure-alls, that do harm always, and use only nature's simple remedies for all your ailments--you will be wise, well and happy, and save great expense. The greatest remedy for this, the great, wise and good will tell you, is Hop Bitters—rely on it. See another column.

TO STOP BLEEDING.—Asa Kemper, Ross county, Ohio, says that bleeding from a wound on man or beast may be stopped by a mixture of wheat flour and common salt, in equal parts, bound on with white cloth. If the bleeding be profuse, use a large quantity, say from one to three pints. It may be left for hours, or even days, if necessary. In this manner he saved the life of a horse which was bleeding from a wounded artery; the bleeding ceased in five minutes after the application. It was left on three days when it worked loose, and was easily removed from the wound, which very soon healed.

DEVILLED KIDNEYS.—Skin and parboil the kidneys, split them in halves without separating them, dip them in liquefied butter and sprinkle pepper and salt, with a judicious proportion of Cayenne over them; place them, spread open, in a double gridiron, and broil either in front of or on a brisk fire. Serve hot, placing on each kidney a piece of butter, into which has been worked pepper, salt, Cayenne and minced parsley in due proportions.

Nothing removes an Incipient Cold more quickly and pleasantly than a reliable cathartic medicine, such as that old and tried remedy, Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, used by thousands of families throughout the land. Price only 25 cents.

RICE BISCUITS.—Take half a pound of sugar, half a pound of the best ground rice, half a pound of butter, and half a pound of flour; mix the whole into a paste with egg (two are sufficient for this quantity.

TO KEEP THE HANDS SOFT.—Mix honey, almond meal and olive oil into a paste; use after washing with soap. Castile soap is best for use; it will cure a scratch or cut and prevent any spot.

TURKISH COFFEE.—In order to make Turkish coffee, the roasted berries and the proper amount of sugar are pounded in a mortar not made of metal; two teaspoonfuls are put into a small tincup, with water, and allowed to boil for nearly half an hour, if not all of that time, The hot liquid is poured into a small China cup and left to settle. Do not shake it any after it settles. Coffee should never be roasted too quickly.

"ANAKESIS"

Is an Infallible Cure for Piles.

Mr. Wm. J. Andrews, of Columbia, Tenn., writes the following:

MESSRS. NEUSTAEDTER & CO., New York:

GENTS—For upward of 20 years I have been afflicted with the Piles. When I first took them they were blind and very painful. For about ten years they continued as blind, then commenced bleeding. The hemorrhoids continued to increase until I was losing at every stool fully a gill of blood, and frequently, while standing at my desk, the blood would run down into my boots. I have had these hemorrhoids to last for several hours. In the meantime, like a drowning man, I was grasping at everything, trying to find relief. On one occasion I had them cauterized, which, after intense suffering for over a month, effected temporary relief, for a short time only however. About ten months since, while at stool, my eye fell on an advertisement headed in large letters, "Piles," "Send 2 cent stamp and get circular." I did so and received a few "Plain Blunt Facts" in reply, after reading which, I concluded it was such plain common sense that I would give "Anakesis" a trial. I did so and the result was, that after a few days use, the bleeding ceased and I have not suffered a moment's pain since. It is said that "a fellow feeling makes one wondrous kind." So, knowing quite a number of friends who were suffering like myself, I distributed quite a number of them, and from every one received a favorable report. I would not be without "Anakesis" for a hundred times its cost. To all who are afflicted with Piles I would say: "Give Anakesis a trial and you will no longer be a sufferer."

WM. J. ANDREWS.

"Anakesis" is sold by all first-class druggists. Price $1.00 per box. Sent free by mail on receipt of price by P. Neustaedter & Co., sole manufacturers of "Anakesis," Box 3946 New York. Samples will be sent *free* to all sufferers.

WIT AND HUMOR.

A PRACTICAL JOKER.—Joe Skinner was once the greatest joker in Oil City, and one of his tricks came near bringing on a riot one day. Joe was walking along Seneca street when he suddenly stopped and began poking in the mud with his cane, at the same time allowing his other hand to slide over his shirt bosom, as if in quest of something which was there. His movements quickly attracted a bootblack, who ran up and asked:

"Lost suthin', mister?" and began looking about.

Then came a merchant and two clerks out of the store and began looking up and down the walk. A teamster jumped off his wagon and joined in. A barber remarked, "Was it your diamond pin, Joe?" and this was caught up and echoed among the crowd which had gathered, until the story grew that a diamond pin worth $2,000 had been lost. The crowd extended until it filled both sides of the street, and all manner of suggestions were made. One man proposed to shovel up all the dirt and mud and have it carefully looked over. Another said the sidewalk ought to be torn up. A man crowded into a place and trod on the toes of another man, who gave him a push. A blow followed and a fight took place, and in two minutes the police were hauling a man off to the lockup, while Joe got outside the crowd and laughed at his awful hoax until the tears ran down his cheeks. The search continued for two hours.

NO GOOD PREACHING.—No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a law suit well, doctor a patient, or write a good article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish brain and unsteady nerves, and none should make the attempt in such a condition when it can be so easily and cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See other column.

RATHER WEIGHTY.—"Judge, I was drunk last night," was the confession of Charles Clark as he reached the bar of the police Court.

"So the policeman who arrested you says," replied Justice Morgan

"Yes, sir, drunker'n—well, as drunk as two kegs o' beer could make eight of us."

"A pretty heavy drunk, that."

"Rather weighty, but it was lighter last night."

"The weight has all gone to your head this morning," said His Honor.

"Seems so, but you ain't agoin' to lock a feller up for that, are you?"

"I don't see how I can get out of it."

"Why, I walked right up to the policeman and told him I was drunk, an' asked him to take me in afore I'd lie down so's to save him any trouble."

"Yes; but then just think of the tender care of that policeman in making you as comfortable as possible."

"Yes, I feel the edge of that board bed on my bones now. They are awful considerate, I'll admit; but—"

"Ten dollars for taking care of you."

Charles stepped up and paid the fine, pulled his hair a moment, and moved off, saying:

"It'll take a team o' hosses an' a hull section o' men to git me in next time, yer kin bet on that."

MEDICAL men often puzzle themselves over the large sale that Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup enjoys. Its great popularity is due only to the excellent qualities possessed by this household medicine. 25 cents.

"SEE here, bub, you'll never catch a butterfly in that way," said a man to a little fellow who was thrashing around the grass with his hat in a lively manner. "You want to go up behind one of 'em kinder slow, and swing your hat sort of easy like, and then you'll nab him. Let me show you." And he fooled around for half an hour in his mild sort of a way, and never caught a butterfly, while the boy in his reckless course had filled both pockets with great nice ones, handsomely spotted all over the wings.

A MARKET man was mercilessly swindled in the town of B—. His misfortune gave him a very unfavorable impression of the residents, and he expressed his opinion of them by saying that if the Angel Gabriel stopped at B— there would be no resurrection. "Why?" asked a listener. "Because the people would swindle him out of his horn before he had time to blow a single toot."

THERE has never been found a person who tried Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia,) that did not say at once, it was the best soap she ever used. Try it once, you'll always use it.

A PRETTY little girl in whose cheap and plain dress the child of a laborer could be recognized, contemplated, in company with her mother, the rich show window of a toy store on the Boulevard. Her mother, pointing at the biggest and most richly dressed of the dolls, said: "You would like to have that, wouldn't you, Louise?" "Oh, no, mamma, not that one; it's too well dressed for me." "And what difference does that make to you?" "Why, I'd want to be my dolly's mamma and not her servant-girl."

HUSBAND—Maria, my dear, you seem to be very lonesome in my company. Do you not love me now as you did before our marriage? Wife—Why, of course, Gerald, but you know since our marriage we have become one, and I feel lonesome without a second party."

BOY (to gentleman who has not given him any reward for carrying his portmanteau): "An' please sir, what must I say if any one asks me how much I has to thank you for?"

MUSICIAN: "Four 'arf? Certainly not. What d'ye mean? Do I look a four 'arf customer? My orders is two o' gin, hot, and I'll trouble yer not hinsult the purfession."

"Practical Science."

Under the above heading, the *St. Croix Courier*, of St. Stephen, N. B., in referring to the analysis of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Sage's Catarrh Remedy, recently made by Prof. Chandler, of New York, and others, says: "Nothing was discovered which we think objectionable, and the published analysis should increase, rather than retard, their sale. To us, it seems a little unjust to call a man a quack, simply because he seeks to reap as much pecuniary reward as other classes of inventors." The English Press is conservative, yet after a careful examination of all the evidence, it not only endorses but recommends the Family Medicines manufactured by Dr. Pierce. No remedies ever offered the afflicted give such perfect satisfaction as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

HIESKELL'S TETTER OINTMENT will cure all scabby or scaly diseases of the skin.

IF YOU ARE NERVOUS AND DEPRESSED take HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Worms. Worms. Worms.

E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to destroy Pin, Seat and Stomach Worms. Dr. Kunkel the only successful physician who removes Tape Worm in two hours, alive with head, and no fee until removed. Common sense teaches if Tape Worms can be removed all other worms can be readily destroyed. Advice at office and store, free. The doctor can tell whether or not the patient has worms. Thousands are dying daily, with worms, and do not know it. Fits spasms, cramps, choking and suffocation, sallow complexion, circles around the eyes, swelling and pain in the stomach, restless at night, grinding of the teeth, picking at the nose, cough, fever, itching at the sea , headache, foul breath, the patient grows pale and thin, tickling and irritation in the anus—all these symptoms, and more, come from worms. E. F. KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP never fails to remove them. Price, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. (For Tape Worm write and consult the doctor.) For all others, buy of your druggists the Worm Syrup, and if he has it not, send to DR. E. F. KUNKEL, 259 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. Advice by mail, free; send three-cent stamp.

If You Want to be Strong, Healthy

and vigorous, take E. F. KUNKEL'S Bitter Wine of Iron. No language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and a most miraculous change produced by taking E. F. KUNKEL'S Bitter Wine of Iron in the diseased, debilitated, and shattered nervous system. Whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness, the relaxed and unstrung organization is restored to perfect health and vigor. Sold only in $1.00 bottles, or six bottles for $5.00. Ask your druggist for E. F. KUNKEL'S Bitter Wine of Iron and take no other. If he has it not, send to proprietor, E. F. KUNKEL, No. 259 N. Ninth Street, Philadelphia. Advice free; send three-cent stamp.

HIESKELL'S Tetter Ointment will cure Sore Eyelids, Sore Nose, Barber's Itch on the face, or Grocer's itch on the hands. It never fails. 50 cents per box, sent by mail for 60 cents
Johnston Holloway & Co.,
602 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

JUST PUBLISHED,

THE VOICE OF WORSHIP,

FOR CHOIRS.
FOR CONVENTIONS,
FOR SINGING SCHOOLS.

Price $1.00. $9.00 per dozen.

THE VOICE OF WORSHIP, by L. O. EMERSON, is like other Church Music by the same author, pre-eminent for graceful and beautiful music, and for the fine skill and judgment displayed in selection and arrangement.

The First Hundred Pages
include the SINGING SCHOOL COURSE, in which are found many fine harmonized songs or glees for practice and enjoyment.

The Second Hundred Pages
are filled with the best of Hymn Tunes, Sentences, &c., a large, new and fresh collection.

The Third Hundred Pages
contain a capital set of ANTHEMS.

Specimen copies mailed post-free for $1.00.

EMERSON'S VOCAL METHOD, (just out) has a novel arrangement of syllables, and other improvements which are sensible and useful. Please examine. Price $1.50.

Oliver Ditson & Co, Boston.

J. E. DITSON & CO.,
922 Chestnut St., Phila.

Oakland Female Institute,

NORRISTOWN, PA.

WINTER TERM WILL COMMENCE SEPTEMBER 9, 1879. For circulars address
J. GRIER RALSTON, Principal.

A RARE CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

THE COMPLETE HOME!

By Mrs. JULIA McNAIR WRIGHT.

The theme is one upon which the author brings to bear the fruits of years of research, observation and travel, both in this country and the old world. The full-paged colored plates, illustrating *Ancient and Modern Homes* are marvels of elegance and good taste. No work treating this subject in detail has heretofore been offered, and hence Agents will have a clear field. Competent critics pronounce it the **great book of the year.**

For full description and terms, address the Publishers,
J. C. McCURDY & CO.,
26 S. SEVENTH St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ We will furnish on application, estimates for Advertising in the best and largest circulated Newspapers in the United States and Canadas. Our facilities are unsurpassed. We make our Customers' interests our own, and study to please and make their Advertising profitable to them, as thousands who have tried us can testify.

Call or address,
S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,
37 PARK ROW, New York,
701 CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE DANDELION,
AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

HOP COUGH CURE is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children

The HOP PAD for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. Ask Druggists.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkeness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. Send for circular.

All above sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co. Rochester, N. Y.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., Advertising Agents, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, receive advertisements for publication in any part of the world at lowest rates.

ADVICE as to the most judicious advertising and the best mediums and the manner of doing it.—ESTIMATES for one or more insertions of an advertisement, in any number of papers, forwarded on application.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

Staple Hardware Specialties.

They sell in every family. Sole agency given for full term of patents. Profits from 100 to 300 per cent. Live agents are making $5 to $10 per day. Address for descriptive circulars,
LIVINGSTON & CO., Iron Founders, Pittsb'g, Pa.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper



Rupertus' celebrated Single Breech-loading Shot-Gun at $15 up. Double-barrel Breech loaders at $21 up. Muzzle and Breech-loading Guns, Rifles and Pistols of most approved English and American make. All kinds of sporting implements and articles required by sportsmen and gun-makers. COLT'S NEW BREECH-LOADING DOUBLE GUNS at $50 up—the best guns yet made for the price. Prices on application.

JOS. C. GRUBB & CO.,
712 Market St., Philada., Pa.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY, either in New York, Brooklyn or Philadelphia, TWENTY-SEVEN ACRES, finely located and productive land, under a high state of cultivation, with a Mansion House replete with every convenience; porter's lodge, farm house, two barns and stable, ice and green houses, &c., with several hundred pear trees, grapes, &c., situated at Olney, 5 miles north from Market street, Philadelphia, adjoining Olney Station, on the Philadelphia and Newtown Railroad. This is a very desirable investment for a capitalist, as it is bound to largely increase in value. For full particulars apply to
S. M. GUMMEY & SONS,
733 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia.

AGENTS, READ THIS!

We will pay Agents a salary of $100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our New and Wonderful Inventions. We mean what we say. Sample free. Address
SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Mich.

EXODUS

To the best lands, in the best climate, with the best markets, and on the best terms, along the line of R'y.

3,000,000 ACRES

Mainly in the Famous

RED RIVER VALLEY OF THE NORTH.

On long time, low prices and easy payments.

Pamphlet with full information mailed free. Apply to

D. A. McKINLAY, Land Com'r,
St. P. M. & M. R'y, St. Paul, Minn.

IN CENTRAL ILLINOIS,

The Best Land in the West,

WE HAVE FOR SALE

IMPROVED FARMS

at low prices and easy terms. Railroads, School Houses and Churches already built. Produce Sells for cash. Land unsurpassed in quality and location. Send for Maps and Circulars, which give full particulars, to
A. E. AYERS & CO., Jacksonville, Ill.

36TH YEAR OF TREEMOUNT SEMINARY, Norristown, Pa., Begins September 9th. Patronized by people desiring their sons thoroughly prepared for College or business. For Circulars, address
JOHN W. LOCH, Ph. D., Principal.

GENTS' FINE SHOES

SEND POSTAL FOR PRICE List and Instructions for Self-Measurement, to
W. F. BARTLETT,
29 South NINTH Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

119

OPERA GLASSES, Microscopes, Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Thermometers, Barometers *At Greatly Reduced Prices*. R. & J. BECK, Manufacturing Opticians, Philadelphia. Send 3 stamps for Illustrated Catalogue of 144 pages, and mention this paper.

PURE TEAS. Agents Wanted everywhere to sell to families hotels and large consumers; largest stock in the country; quality and terms the best. Country storekeepers should call or write THE WELLS TEA COMPANY, 201 Fulton Street, N. Y. P. O. Box 456

SEND FOR A SAMPLE OF

FINE OOLONG TEA

At 40 Cts. per lb.,

FROM

Thompson Black's Son & Co,

No. 1613 CHESTNUT St., Philadelphia, Pa.,

DEALERS IN

Choice Family Groceries

Of Every Description.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

MORGAN & HEADLY,

Importers of Diamonds

AND

Manufacturers of Spectacles.

613 SANSOM Street, Philadelphia.

Illustrated Price List sent to the trade on application.

COMPOUND OXYGEN The new cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Headache, Dyspepsia, and all Chronic Diseases, by a revitalizing process.
REMARKABLE CURES have been made, which are attracting the widest attention.
STRONGLY ENDORSED by the Hon. JUDGE KELLEY, T. S. ARTHUR, Hon. MONTGOMERY BLAIR, and others who have used this Treatment.
SENT FREE! Brochure (200 pp.) with many testimonials to most remarkable cures. DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1112 Girard St., Phila.

LANDRETHS' SEEDS

ARE THE BEST.

D. LANDRETH & SONS, 21 & 23 S. SIXTH St. PHILADELPHIA.

When Trade is Dull, Judicious Advertising Sharpens It.

HOW TO ADVERTISE.
☞ See PETTENGILL.

WHEN TO ADVERTISE.
☞ See PETTENGILL.

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.
☞ See PETTENGILL.

WHOM TO ADVERTISE THROUGH.
☞ See PETTENGILL.

GO TO 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK, and
☞ See PETTENGILL.

PIANOS $140 to $400—factory prices—highest honors—Mathushek's scale for squares—finest uprights in America—12,000 in use—Pianos sent on trial—Catalogue free. MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., 21 E. 15th Street, N. Y.

CATARRH

If neglected, may rapidly develop into quick consumption. Ordinary treatments will not cure it. Its effects are nervous weakness, loss of smell, taste, hearing, and voice, weak eyes, dizziness, faint feelings, matter dropping into the throat, disgusting odors, and *finally consumption and premature death*. For

CONSUMPTION ASTHMA, HAY FEVER

Catarrh, Bronchitis, Coughs, Nervous and Catarrhal Headaches, Deafness, Sore Throat, and all diseases of the air-passages and lungs there is no treatment so pleasing, thorough, and certain to cure and give instant relief as



DEVONE'S INHALER.

DEVONE'S INHALENE Trade Mark.

A compound of the most healing balsams known to medical science, with **CARBOLATED PINE TREE TAR** which, by simply breathing or inhaling from DeVone's Inhaler, is converted into a cleansing, invigorating, and healing vapor, and taken direct to the diseased cavities of the head, and into all the air-passages and the lungs, where it acts as a local application to the diseased surfaces, and its health-giving power is felt at once. The only method by which these diseases can be permanently cured.

HOME TREATMENT Sent to any part of the United States or Canada, to be returned if not satisfactory. ☞ Also for sale by druggists. Send for circular giving full information, terms, etc. A competent physician always in charge. Advice free on all chronic diseases. State symptoms plainly, and your case will have immediate and careful attention, and free advice by return mail. *When writing, name this paper.* Address HOME MEDICINE CO., S. W. cor. Tenth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.